The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,741—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	,, 25	Half-yearly	,, 31
Quarterly	,, 13	Quarterly	,, 16
Monthly	,, 5	Monthly	,, 6

To Subscribers—Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
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Quarterly	,, 16	Quarterly	,, 20
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These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

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Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	,, 2 8
Third do.	,, 2 0
Fourth and succeeding insertions	,, 0 12 As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines. All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ ,, ,,
Third and succeeding	2½ ,, ,,

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Chances of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	,, 0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our prescribed ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES; EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. RAJPOOTANA, 2,030 Tons, on THURSDAY, 12th Feb., 1880, at 5 p.m., calling at Ratnagherri, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cananore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Pondicherry Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapollum, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 tons, on TUESDAY, 10th February, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao and Busrah, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. VINGORLA, 578 Tons, on SATURDAY, 14th February, 1880, at 10 a.m.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons on FRIDAY, 13th February, 1880, connecting at Aden with S. S. CANARA, 1,903 Tons.

Saloon passage	Rs. 500
Second Class passage	,, 336

The Canara carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and is due in London on 23rd March. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,495 Tons, on FRIDAY, 13th February, 1880. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Assyria's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 6th February 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 80	Including Wine
Suez	360	220	80	
Port Said	380	240	90	
Messina	500	340	140	Without food.
Naples	500	340	140	
Leghorn	500	340	140	
Genoa	500	340	140	
Marseilles	520	350	145	

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
ARABIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st March, 1880.
ASSIRIA, to sail on THURSDAY, 25th March, 1880.
SINGAPORE, to sail on THURSDAY, 1st April 1879.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

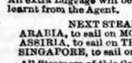
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent, Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, 21st November 1879.

HALL LINE.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



THE following are the sailings at present arranged:—

	Comdr.	Tons.	H.P.	
City of Baltimore	J. Verril	2390	300	about 25th Feb.
Rydal Hall	Owen Lloyd.	2700	400	,, 24th Mar.
Speke Hall	J. Brand	2700	400	,, 21st Apl.

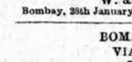
Passage Money ..... Rs. 500.

For further information apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 26th January 1880.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



MR. DAVID MACIVER'S Steam Ship THESSALY, 1,925 Tons, H. P. 300, Captain F. Hammond, will be dispatched about 3rd March.

She has comfortable First Class Passenger accommodation.

FARE TO LIVERPOOL ..... Rs. 450.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 4th February 1880.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, via SUEZ CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE:—

S. S. CALIPSO, Captain V. Ballovich, on the 15th February, 1880.

S. S. TIMAVO, Captain G. Martinalich, to sail on the 10th March, 1880.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

To	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 290	Rs. 140
Cyprus (via Port Said)	,, 375	,, 295	,, 143
Port Said	,, 320	,, 255	,, 131
Suez	,, 300	,, 240	,, 122
Aden	,, 170	,, 130	,, 66

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM TRIESTE TO LONDON.

Via Vienna, the Rhine, Ostende, or Calais and Dover, are ranted by the undersigned at

	Via Calais.	Via Ostende.
First Class, Trieste to London	£12-8	£11-18
Second Class, Trieste to Cologne. First Class, Cologne to London	£9-19	£9-14

Travellers with through tickets are allowed lbs. 55 free luggage.

Tickets are available for two months from the date of departure from Trieste.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company, Limited, Marine Branch.

For further particulars, freight passage, etc., etc., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. 16th October 1879.

NOTICES.

MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THE COMMITTEE appointed by H. E. the Governor in Council for the purpose of ensuring the adequate representation of Bombay productions at the forthcoming International Exhibition will be glad to receive CONTRIBUTIONS of Arts, Manufactures and Agricultural and Industrial Products of the Presidency in order that they may forward the same to Melbourne. Those who are desirous of sending articles intended in the first place for Exhibition and afterwards for sale and returns are requested to communicate as early as possible with the undersigned.

The Committee will do everything in their power to show to advantage all articles entrusted to them and the greatest possible care will be taken of the same so long as they are under the Committee's charge. At the same time Exhibitors are requested to note that neither the President, Committee or Secretaries will be responsible for damage arising during the transmission, Exhibition or detention at Melbourne.

By Order of the Committee,

J. GORDON,
N. BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
Joint Secretaries.

Bombay, 26th January 1880.

BYCULLA CLUB.—The HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club house on SATURDAY, the 21st February, 1880, at 6 o'clock p. m.

GEORGE K. REMINGTON,
19th January, 1880. Honorary Secretary.

ANGLO-SWISS MILK
is received by
EVERY MAIL STEAMER,
Per Tin, Cash, Annas 8.

TREACHER & Co., Limited.

REDUCED PRICES.

Finest Virginian Golden Leaf
HONEY DEW TOBACCO;
A splendid article, infinitely superior to the Tobaccos commonly sold under its name.
IMPORTED OVERLAND AT
Per Pound. Cash, Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER & CO., (Ltd.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

Silks, Satins, Velvets.
Ribbons, Silk and Velvet.
Laces, Maltese, and Honiton.
Mulls, Swiss Muslins.
Linens, Cambrics, Lawns.
Taylors', Coats' and Brooks' Cottons,
Needles, Pins, Bodkins,
Tapes, Cords, Braids.
Buttons, Moulds, Hooks and Eyes.
Kid, Lisle, and Silk, Gloves.
Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs.
Irish Linen Frontings.
Organdi French Muslins,
English Printed Muslins,
French Printed Cambrics.
Best English Prints.
India Twills and Victoria Lawns.
Mulls, Nansooks and Lawns.
Long Cloths and Book Muslins.
Foulardines and Grenadines.
Serges, Homespuns and Melanges.
Samples and prices of all the above, sent on application.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India, to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust, and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.

The Security of the Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officers under Government and Public Companies.

Friends and Relations are relieved of the fear of those pecuniary losses to which persons are exposed who become responsible for the acts of others.

Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

Premiums periodically reduced.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Secretary.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

PROPRIETOR ..... Mr. C. S. NAZIR.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THIS EVENING, AT 9 O'CLOCK,

The successful Comedietta,

"MY UNCLE'S WILL,"

Charles Cashmore	Mr. C. Cartwright.
Mr. Barker	Mr. H. R. Teesdale.
Florence Marigold	Miss Edith Wilson.

Followed at 10 o'clock, by Mr. H. J. Byron's Comedy in 2 Acts,

"NOT SUCH A FOOL AS HE LOOKS."

In which Major Cowper sustain the part of Sir Simon Simple

Mr. Daniel Murgatroyd	Mr. A. J. Tapping.
Frederick Greasley	Mr. S. Revelt.
Mr. Mould	Mr. J. R. Hewitt.
Captain Marker	Mr. Willoughby.
Felicia Cravers	Miss Edith Wilson.
Mrs. Merton	Miss Madge Antoinette.
Mrs. Mould	Miss Minnie Hampden.

ON WEDNESDAY,

"LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET."

IN PREPARATION,

"H. M. S. PINAFORE."

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 32
Private Box to admit 4	,, 16
Orchestra Stalls	,, 4
Stalls	,, 3
Pit	,, 2
Back Seats	,, 1

Soldiers, Sailors, and Volunteers in uniform at half-price to Back seats.

Tickets to be had at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

Doors open at 8-30 p. m.; performance commences at 9 p. m.

STAGE MANAGER ..... Mr. H. R. TEESDALE.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR... ,, A. J. LEVEY.

WANTED, for the Warora Colliery, an OVERSEER accustomed to underground work.

Pay Rs. 60 to Rs. 75. Application with copies of Testimonials should be sent to undersigned.

G. B. REYNOLDS,
Officiating Mining Engineer, W. G. S. Ry.

INDUS VALLEY STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to the advertisement for applicants for employment as Station Masters and Guards. WRITTEN APPLICATION will ONLY BE CONSIDERED from those having RAILWAY EXPERIENCE. All others should apply IN PERSON either at Sukkur, Multan or Kotree.

G. F. MATHEW,
Traffic Superintendent, I. V. S. Railway.
Traffic Superintendent's Office, Sukkur, the 3rd February 1880.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to, or having CLAIMS against, the ESTATE of the late Lieutenant ICHABOD D. WRIGHT, Royal Artillery, who was recently killed in action near Jugdalak in Afghanistan, and who formerly served with 17 18th Brigade R. A. at Mhow, are requested to communicate with Lieutenant Colonel STOCKER, R.A., Mhow, Central India, WITHIN ONE CALENDAR MONTH from the date of this notice, after which no claims will be attended to.

Mhow, 5th February 1880.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been APPOINTED ADMINISTRATOR to the ESTATE of the late WILLIAM DUNCAN, NOTICE is hereby given, that ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the said Estate are requested to PAY the same and all CREDITORS to SEND in their CLAIMS to him on or before the 15th March, 1880, after which date no claim will be entertained.

G. BECKE,
Administrator to late William Duncan's Estate.
Maulmain, 29th January 1880.

NOTICE.

AN AUCTION SALE will be held at the Town Custom House on TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 1 p.m., of CONFISCATED and UNCLAIMED GOODS, comprising Europe Confectionery, Perfumery, Oilmanstores, Old Tom, Bottled Beer, Gold Watches, Flower and Vegetable Seed, Turkish Tobacco, Deck Chairs, Hardware, Ebonywood, Raw Cotton, and Sundry other articles.

Terms will be made known at time of sale.

A. C. TREVOR,
Collector of Customs.
Bombay, Custom House, 3rd February 1880.

TENDERS FOR TEAK.

TENDERS will received at the Office of the Storekeeper, State Railway Department, at Kurrachee up to 1st March, 1880, for the supply of 25,000 cubic feet of MOULMEIN TEAK of United Kingdom, or best Indian quality, in Scantlings, 16 inches by 10 inches, and not less than 18 feet lengths.

2. The Timber to be sound, well-seasoned, cut die square, and free from shakes or knots, and to pass the inspection of undersigned, whose decision is to be final.

3. Deliveries to be made at Kurrachee, City Railway Station, at the rate of 500 cubic feet per month, from 1st April, 1880.

4. Tenders to state the rate per ton of 50 cubic feet loaded into Railway Trucks at Kurrachee City Station.

5. Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

C. S. WARWICK,
Port Storekeeper, State Railway Department.
Kurrachee, 4th February 1880.

JUST RECEIVED.
FLORENTINE ELECTRIC HAIR BRUSHES.
ALL BRISTLES.

POSITIVELY RELIEVE NERVOUS AND BILIOUS HEADACHES IN FIVE MINUTES!!!

THE Right Honourable W. E. GLADSTONE, M.P., has written upon their merits, and has added them to his Toilet Requisites.

In use by their ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES.

"I have never known them to fail in relieving a bad headache."

"Honourable Mrs. Lock has been CURED of painful headaches in from two to three minutes by brushing her head with a pair of F. E. Hair Brushes."

"The effect was really astounding, removing the pain after a few minutes.

"I have tried them when I had a very bad headache and got relief after about two minutes' brushing."

"After brushing my hair for two or three minutes I was entirely cured of a nervous headache."

"After using them a short time I found myself quite free from pain. My wife also finds them very effectual in Preventing Dandriff."

"I have continually found them effective in curing a bilious or nervous headache."

"Mrs. Harness begs to say that the pair of F. E. Hair Brushes used by her have quite cured her headaches; and since taking them into daily use she has had no return of this complaint."

"After a few moments' use I was entirely relieved of a violent headache."

"They give a most refreshing feeling to the head."

AGENTS,
B. S. MADON & Co.,
CHEMISTS, FORT, BOMBAY.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

Wilkins' Treatise on Mountain Roads, Line Roads and Bridges	7	0
Bradshaw's Continental Guide for Jan.	2	8
Hart's Annual Army List for 1880	13	4
Hart's Quarterly Army List for Jan. 1880	6	12
Royal Navy List for Jan. 1880	2	0
Lillywhite's Cricketer's Annual for 1880.	0	12
Carter's Eyesight, good and bad	3	12
Grey's Across the Zodiac, 2 vols.	13	4
New Gleanings from Gladstone	0	8
Webster's Trade of the World	6	12
Verehow's Post-mortem Examination	2	4
Pellanly's Surgical Anatomy	4	8
Froude's Lectures in South Africa	3	4
Russia before and after the War	8	12
Macmunn's Spectroscope in Medicine	5	12
Wilson's Reciprocity, Bi-metallism and Land Tenure Reform	4	12
Galloway's Treatise on Fuel	3	12
Begandet's Legend of Gandama, 2 vols.	13	4
Hodgson's Essays on Indian subject, 2 vols.	17	8
Clodd's Jesus of Nazareth	3	12
Adcock's Engineers' Pocket Book for 1880	3	12
Denton's Sanitary Engineering, New Edition	15	12
Latham's Sanitary Engineering, New Edition	18	12
Year Book of Facts in Science and Art, 1880	1	8
Hayes' Veterinary Notes	4	12
Hayes' Horse Management in India	4	12
Moore's Family Medicines for India, New Edition	7	4
Tennyson's Songs set to music, handsomely bound	13	4
Buddhism, by T. W. R. Davids	1	12
Hinduism, by Monier Williams	1	12
Islamism, by J. W. Stobart	1	12

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow Street.

VALENTINES. VALENTINES.

JUST RECEIVED a fresh supply of the above of the very best description.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.
26, Meadow Street.

ASHANTEE HAMMOCKS,
ON SALE BY
TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

OLD IRISH WHISKY,

THE immense success which has attended the introduction of their unrivalled blend of Scotch Whisky (Old Glenlivet) has induced TREACHER & Co. to apply their long and practical knowledge of this branch of the Company's business to the production of a blend of the finest IRISH WHISKY, which would meet with the approval of consumers of the article.

After lengthened experiments with the finest matured Spirits from the best known Distilleries in Ireland, the Management have succeeded in producing a blend which they confidently assert to be unequalled by any other offering in India.

It is a well known fact that a large portion of the Whisky offered as Irish is known to the trade as "silent spirit," which is commonly distilled from refuse, such as spoiled grain, rotten potatoes, and other abominations.

TREACHER & Co. guarantee that this blend is made from pure malt spirit only, distilled from the finest grain or malt, is pure, mild, and agreeable, and entirely free from essential oils and other impurities.

Sample sent free upon application.

Per 1 Dozen case, Cash, Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CAMPAIGN WATCHES.

THE FIRST CLASS CAMP KEYLESS PATENT LEVER WATCH

May be obtained for Rs. 20 only (Cash) at

EDMOND CHARPIE,
WATCHMAKER,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

Out-station orders should be accompanied by remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
PREVIOUS TO
STOCK-TAKING.

WE HAVE DECIDED TO CONTINUE THE SALE ONE WEEK LONGER.

WATSON & COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESS-MAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER

CONSTANT SUPPLIES OF MILLINERY, &c., RECEIVED "OVERLAND."

A large STOCK of GOODS always on hand to select from.

ESTIMATES FOR MAKING UP DRESSES, &c., ON APPLICATION.

WEDDING and MOURNING Orders carefully and promptly attended to.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."

Do. Do. for "MOURNING."

Price Lists on application.

Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for Payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CASH BAZAAR.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

ANOTHER LARGE and EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of BOOTS and SHOES have arrived and are offered to the public at the well known low prices as before.

ALSO GIRLS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES IN ALL SIZES.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS IN GREAT VARIETIES.

NOTE ADDRESS.

MEIFFRE BROTHERS'

CASH BAZAAR, ESPLANADE CROSS ROAD,
CRAWFORD MARKET.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,
BOMBAY,
Next to National Bank of India,
RAMPART ROW.

GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY.

The NEW and
FASHIONABLE FLEXIBLE BAND
NECKLET.
GOLD.

The most fashionable now worn with spring loop.

Priced Rs. 72, 81, 90, 100, 108, 117, 126, 135, 158, and 180.

SILVER DITTO.
Rs. 18, 22, 23, 25, and 30.

DEAD GOLD LOCKETS
FOR THE ABOVE.

Sizes No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plain Rs.	20	22	24	28	34	40	46	56	62	68	86	108
Engraved ,,	24	25	29	32	38	50	58	65	72	78	100	118

SILVER LOCKETS
FOR THE ABOVE CHAINS.

A. E. I.	*Plain.*	*"MIZPAH"*
in monogram.		*in monogram.*
Rs. 15 to 22.	Rs. 6 to 20.	Rs. 22.

JANUARY 19TH, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY RACES, 1880.

THE following are the RATES which will be charged for TICKETS of ADMISSION to the Enclosure during the Meeting:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Voluntary Subscribers of Rs. 50 and upwards will receive ON APPLICATION a FREE TICKET of ADMISSION to the Paddock, Ring and Carriage Enclosure for the Season.

Voluntary subscribers of Rs. 15 and upwards will be charged as under:—

Carriage Enclosure	Rs. 15	Season.
Ring and Paddock	,, 10	
Carriage Enclosure	,, 5	Daily.
Ring and Paddock	,, 3	

Each Subscriber will be entitled to receive only one of the above Tickets.

NON-SUBSCRIBERS.

Carriage Enclosure	Rs. 30	Season.
Ring and Paddock	,, 20	
Carriage Enclosure	,, 10	Daily.
Ring and Paddock	,, 6	

The SEASON TICKETS can be obtained from the undersigned BEFORE the day of the Races only. The DAILY TICKETS will be issued at the Course.

No one will be allowed on the Course in front of the Stewards' Stand or in any of the Enclosures without a Ticket.

TICKETS NOT TRANSFERABLE.

Early application should be made for places in the Carriage Enclosure, and names will be registered as received.

G. F. BEVILLE, Lieut.-Col.,
Honorary Secretary.
Bombay, 6th February 1880.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of Bombay will be held here at 3 o'clock p. m. on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Sanction to be asked to an additional grant from Surplus Cash Balance of Rs. 1,282-3-5 to meet charges for grazing sick cattle at Kirkee in August, September, and October last, the grant for 1879 having lapsed.

2. Town Council's Resolution recommending the Corporation to sanction an arrangement with the Military authorities by which, in exchange for the vacant piece of Municipal ground lying to the south of the Night-soil dumping Station and to the west of the G. I. Railway line, measuring 4,05,847 square yards, the Military authorities will give up a plot of land measuring 2,568·36 square yards, at present forming part of the Native Infantry Line at Boree Bunder, required for road improvements, the Corporation paying the cost (Rs. 6,035) of removing certain buildings within the Lines, as already sanctioned by the Corporation on the 5th July 1879; also the cost of a wall, about Rs. 200.

3. The Corporation will be asked to confirm the Bye-laws for regulating the admission of visitors to Municipal Gardens.

4. Annual Report of the working of the Gokuldas Tejpall Hospital for 1878.

5. Annual Report of the working of the Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Native Female Lying-in Hospital for 1878.

6. Health Officer's Report for the 3rd Quarter of 1879.

7. Letter dated 5th January, 1880, from Mr. Mancekjee Nowrojee and other residents of Lower Colaba, complaining that they suffer from a nuisance on account of the proximity of the Fish Bazaar in that locality, asking that steps may be taken to stop such nuisances; and praying that lights may be provided to the Mancekjee Thomas, and other roads thereat.

By Order of the Chairman,

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation and Secretary, Town Council, Municipal Offices, Bombay, 7th February 1880.

TELEGRAPH HOME REMITTANCES—TELEGRAPH PRIVATE CODE.

THE Undersigned, in addition to the ordinary manner of effecting Home Remittances by Drafts, also telegraph payments at current rates of Exchange, to be made at once in any part of the United Kingdom.

They are also prepared to place their present Telegraph Code at the service of Residents in India and Correspondents at Home, so as to add such names, addresses, and paragraphs of any length or purport, as may be desired, whereby these can be telegraphed at the cost of one word. Their Code now in use has thousands of words, each one representing sentences on almost all conceivable subjects likely to be required to telegraph between the two countries. No registration fee charged. Secrecy guaranteed.

Every information and assistance afforded on application, personally or by letter.

WM. WATSON & CO.'S ANGLO-INDIAN AGENCY,
28, Apollo Street, Bombay, and
27, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.

LETTS'S DIARIES
FOR 1880,
At the usual cheap rates.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.)

JUST RECEIVED.

NEW & VERY AMUSING GAMES.

	Rs.	as.
UJIJI, or the Search for Dr. Livingstone, a Comic Round Game	0	12
WORLD'S PARLIAMENT, or vote by Ballot	1	0
SOVEREIGNS OF ENGLAND, a Capital Round Game	0	12
COUNTIES OF ENGLAND, an Illustrated Card Game, three series, each	1	0
PICTURE LOTO, a Capital Game for Juveniles	7	8
SOL, or the Signs of the Zodiac, 52 Comic Cards	0	12
MATRIMONIAL DOMINOES, a Sentimental Game.	3	8
MORISH FORT, a New Game affording opportunity for the display of skill	10	8
SNAP, the most popular Card Game, 56 Comic Characters	0	12
FACES illustrating the infinite variety of the Human Face	6	8
QUITS, an interesting Card Game	0	12
ILLUSTRATED PROVERBS, an excellent Round Game, two series, each	0	12
FLORAL LOTO, an Elegant Drawing-room Game, comprising 120 illustrations of garden flowers, with appropriate sentiments, &c	7	8
WEDDING, with illustrations of all the Chief Personages in the Marriage Ceremony	1	0
GEOGRAPHICAL LOTO, a Capital Round Game, played on 12 beautiful Maps	7	8
XVIth, XVIIth, XVIIIth, and XIXth CENTURY, each	0	12
HAPPY FAMILIES, an excellent Card Game, affording great fun and amusement	0	12
BRIDE, 48 Cards of field flowers, beautifully coloured.	0	12
MAY DAY, 96 Cards, a new Round Floral Game	0	12
REALM, 48 Cards, beautifully illustrated	0	12
PICTURE PUMBLECHOOK, a Capital Round Game	0	12
WHITE CAT, a Capital Game affording great fun and amusement	0	12
LONDON, an interesting Round Game	1	0
HIDE AND SEEK, with the KINGS and QUEENS of ENGLAND, 3 series, each	0	12
KINGDOMS OF EUROPE, a highly Amusing Game, two series, each	0	12
PAROLE, a new Word Game, 64 Cards of Comical Letters.	0	12
FLORAL SNAP, 64 Cards of garden flowers	0	12
REALM, 48 Cards, beautifully illustrated	0	12
WHO'S SIR ROGER, 50 Cards, beautifully coloured	0	12
WEDDING, a highly Popular Game	1	0
FISHPONDS, a very exciting Game	0	12

COOPER AND COMPANY,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER,
BOTTLED BY FOSTER.

THE NEW SEASON'S PREPARATION of this deliciously refreshing Beverage has arrived, and fully maintains its high reputation.

Quarts per doz. Cash Rs.	8	0	
Pints ,, ,, ,,	5	8	

SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.

KEMP'S
PURIFYING SALINE.

TO regard any IMPORTED NOSTRUM as superior to the above is an UTTER DELUSION. A daily extending consumption and an experience exceeding TWENTY-FIVE YEARS guarantee its medicinal excellence.

Per Bottle Re. 1-4. Per dozen, Rs. 13.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
CHEMISTS, MANUFACTURERS,
AND
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.

EVERY requisite in Medicine procurable at their

WAREHOUSES,
SASSOON HOUSE ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
LABORATORY,
ARMENIAN LANE,
BOMBAY.

KEMP'S EXTRACTS OF MEAT

ARE INDISPUTABLY SUPERIOR to all imported extracts. They are free from mustiness and the quality of the meat is guaranteed. The presence of anything unwholesome is rendered impossible by the extracts while in a fluid form being made pellucid by filtration before being evaporated.

EXTRACT of CHICKEN, (as supplied to the Abyssinian Expedition) Jar containing 1½ oz.	Rs. 2-8
EXTRACT of MUTTON, Bottle containing 4 oz.	,, 1-8
EXTRACT of BEEF, Bottle containing 2 oz.	,, 1-4
Half pound jars	,, 4-12
One pound jars	,, 9-4

D. S. KEMP & Co,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,
5, Meadow Street.

MACHINE CUT TOBACCOS.

NEUBERG'S
CELEBRATED
"GOLDEN BLOCK MIXTURE."
MANUFACTURED DAILY.

Per 1 lb. Tin—Rs. 3-4 | Per ½ lb. Tin—Re. 1-12.

NEUBERG'S
VIRGINIA HONEY DEW.
"AN OLD SMOKER'S CHOICE."
Rs. 2 per ½ lb. Packet.

NEUBERG'S
GOLDEN SHAG.

Highly recommended, combining within itself the delicate aroma of the purest Golden Leaf, and the pleasant fulness of the choicest Virginia.

Rs. 2 per ½ lb. Packet.

NEUBERG'S
"GOLDEN LEAF" BIRD'S EYE,
FRESH AND FRAGRANT.
Re. 1 per ½ lb. Tin.

WILL'S
BEST BRISTOL BIRD'S EYE,
Re. 1 per ½ lb. Tin.

FINEST
TURKISH TOBACCOS,
Deliciously fresh.
Rs. 6 and Rs. 10 per lb.

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SHIPMENT OF
AMERICAN PLUG TOBACCOS
Of all descriptions, specially put up for the undersigned

Traders and purchasers of large quantities liberally dealt with.

SPECIAL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER Rifle Association Annual Prize Meeting begins on 16th instant. For programmes apply to Captains of Co.'s or the Secy., Capt. Stokes.

VOLUNTEER BALL.—WHITE SILK CLOAK taken instead of Shawl, which can be had at Mrs. MEDLEY'S, Meadow Street.

TWO DIAMOND RINGS, single stone, FOR SALE at Crawford's AU

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 7, 1880.

REUTER'S telegrams of Friday reported a decline of ¼ in Consols and ½ in French Rentes. Enfaced Rupee Paper was unchanged at 78 for Fours and 85½ for Fours-and-a half.

The quotations for Indian Banks' shares show an advance of £1-10 per share in Orientals, £1 in Mercantile and £1 in Chartered; they now stand at £23-10 for Orientals and Chartered, £32-10 for Mercantile, and £38 for Hongkong and Shanghai.

The General Produce markets show no alteration with the exception of a decline 3s. per quarter in Calcutta Linseed, to arrive via Cape, and an advance of 6s. per quarter in Brown Rapeseed ex-Warehouse.

Piece Goods in Manchester continue firm at former rates.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed firm at an advance of 1-16d. per lb. in Mid. Orleans. Bombay descriptions were unchanged, but Good Fair Bengal was quoted ½d. per lb. and Fair Coconada 1 16d. per lb. higher. The sales were 8,000 bales, of which 700 bales were Surats. To-day's market Reuter reports strong, Surats steady. Sales 10,000 bales, including 800 Surats. Spot quotations are unaltered. "To arrive" Good New Machine Ginned Brosch, February-March shipment via Canal, is quoted at 6 13-16d. per lb. In New York ready Mid. Uplands yesterday was unchanged at 13 and to-day is still quoted at the same rate. Futures for May delivery declined on Friday from 13·73 to 13·67, but have to-day recovered to 13·71. So that we may again look for a firm market in Liverpool on Monday. The day's Receipts at the American ports are again very small, being only 11,000 bales against 24,000 bales on the same day last year, and this of itself in the present sensitive state of the market will probably be sufficient to cause a further advance in prices all round.

We subjoin our usual weekly comparison of the statistical position of the staple in Europe, with the corresponding date in the two previous years. From these it will be observed that the total visible supply now amounts to 2,524,000 bales, during the week, and the Liverpool stock 18,000 bales, the imports having been 101,000 bales against 76,000 bales taken by the trade and for export.

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Total supply of all kinds.	2,300,000	2,303,630	2,524,000
" Surats	167,000	174,650	163,390
For the U. K. only the figures are :—			
Stock in Liverpool	499,000	410,640	534,820
" London	37,000	45,760	13,580
American Afloat	250,000	299,000	312,000
E. Indian "	38,000	47,000	35,000
Total	824,000	805,400	893,630
Price of Mid. Orleans	7¾d.	5¼d.	6¼d.
" Fair Dhollera	5¾d.	4 5/16d.	5 5/16d.
Difference	1⅜d.	1 3/16d.	1 3/16d.

The American crop figures to date afford the undernoted comparisons. The actual excess over last season is now 407,600 bales, which shows a reduction of 57,000 bales on last week's figures :—

	1880.	1879.	1878.
Week's Receipts	109,000	179,000	134,000
" Exports to U.K.	44,000	72,000	70,000
" " to Continent.	30,000	32,000	43,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	3,849,600	3,429,000	3,243,000
" Exports to U. K.	1,412,000	1,302,000	1,110,900
" " Continent	746,600	867,000	710,500
" Stock in the Ports	90,000	873,000	916,000
Saturday's Receipts	11,000	24,000	15,000

Bar Silver in London is unchanged at 52 9-16d. per oz.

EXCHANGE as usual on mail day there have been few bills making. Rates opened unchanged at Friday's rates and closed at the same with an easier feeling owing to weak advices from Calcutta. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand		1s. 8 3-16d.	per Rupee.
Do.	3 months' sight.	1s. 8 11-32d.	"
Credits	3 "	1s. 8 15-32d.	"
Documents	3 "	1s. 84d.	"
Francs	3 "	2/15	"

On Calcutta we quote demand drafts at 1-16 per cent. premium and 60 days' sight ⅛ to ¼ per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Fours are firm at Rs. 93½ to 93¾, and Four-and-a-half at Rs. 101 5-16 to to 101¾.

The SHARE market has been steady although not active. Bank of Bombays are ¼ per cent. higher at Rs. 68¼ ex-div. Colaba Land shares are Re. 5 higher. In Press shares the only movement is an advance of Rs. 20 in East India. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares are firm but unaltered, except for an improvement of Rs. 5 in Alliance. Bombay-Burma Trading Co.'s shares are Rs. 5 higher.

COTTON to-day has been very firm at a partial advance of Re. 1 to Re. 2 per candy. The demand has been chiefly for Dholleras description for April and May delivery, but in ready Cotton moderate transactions for a mail day have also been reported.

SEEDS.—Linseed is steady at Rs. 6-9 to Rs. 6-10 for new. Gingelly is unchanged. In Rapeseed there is still nothing doing.

FREIGHTS are unchanged.

PIECE GOODS are steady with a moderate demand in the bazaar from up-country. Dealers continue very firm, and consequently but little actual business is reported, as buyers are apparently unwilling to pay the enhanced rates asked. Yarns both imported and of local make are very firm. Metals rather easier.

COALS are very firm at Rs. 19½ for Davison's and Rs. 20 for Cardiff alongside, but to arrive there are practically no sellers, and Rs. 19½ is the nominal quotation.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	160,000	100	all	6 p. ct	126
Bank of Bengal	20,000	500	all	4 do	705 xd.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	6892 xd.
Bank of Madras	60,000	500	all	3 do	640
National Bank of India.	87,330	238	213-10	6 do	105

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New)	4,000	5,000	all	15 pc*	965
Prove Land and Pier Co., Limited	7,500	150		4 p.a	117
Sheegaon Land	1,750	2 000	1,000	20 p.a	350
Fort Canning Land Company, Limited	8,000	1,400		15 p.	177½

* Per Share for the half-year.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,640	Nil	200
Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all	Rs. 15	400
Alliance Spinning	800	2,500	all	30 p. a.	1,280
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	100	Nil	60
Bhawaggar W. and P. Company	800	2,000	2,000	do	300
Bombay United	2,800	1,000	all	25	780
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	480
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	all	do	575
Dharamsey Spinning	2,000	2,000	all	do	220
Empress S. and W. Co.	700	500	all	do	400
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	35	820
Hamilton S. & W. Co.	3750	1,000	all	60	650
Hydrabad S. and W. Co.	700	1,000	2 00	Nil	600
Jeewraj Balloo Mills	740	1,000	all	do	700
Khandesh Spinning	750	1,000	all	Rs. 30	830
K. Mincomjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	505
Madras Spining	800	1,250	all	do	350
Manekji V. Spining	435	1,000	all	50 p.a*	1,260
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co	80,000	50	50	Nil	7
Manockji Petit	2,000	1,000	all	30 p.a*	1,130
Morarjee Spinning	1,043	1,000	all	40 P. a.	680
Muzagon S. and W. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	Nil	70
National S. and W. Co. of India	950	1,000	all	40 p. a.	650
Oriental	4,000	622	all	15	580
Primrose Weaving	500	1,250	all	Nil	82
Ramoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	do	700
Soonderdas Spinning	648	1,000	all	do	640
Do do. ; Share	250	1,000	all	do	130
Shalapore S. and W. Co.	500	500	all	30	730
Victor's Mills	557	1,000	all	Nil	425

Per Share for the half-year.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s. s. NERBUDA, 1,299 tons, Captain S. H. Stuart, sailed on Saturday last for Rangoon, in ballast.

THE s. s. SALISBURY, 1,278 tons, Captain G. Wood, sailed on Saturday last for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s. s. s. BYCULLA, 1,114 tons, Captain W. R. Mason, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Moulmein (26th Jan.), with a cargo of timber.

THE s. s. SHAHJEHAN, 1,037 tons, Captain R. E. Harris, arrived in harbour on the 6th instant from Calcutta (27th Jan.), with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co.

THE HALL LINE s. s. BRAMHOME HALL, 1,347 tons, Captain R. Collins, sailed on Saturday last for Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—

Mrs. Ivens and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Pinney and Mr. S. Brocklehurst.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. CALCUTTA, 549 tons, Captain J. Smith, arrived in harbour on the 7th inst. from the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and 5 second class and 30 deck passengers, and 9 horses.

THE s. s. BORROWDALE, 990 tons, Captain P. Martel, arrived in harbour on the 7th inst. from Shield (1st Jan.), with a cargo of 1,532 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh and Co.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
6	Shahjahan (s)	Harris	Calcutta, Jan 27.
7	Calcutta (s)	Smith	Bussorah, Jan 24.
	Borrowdale (s)	Martel	Shield, Jan 1.
	Byculla (s)	Mason	Moulmein, Jan 26.
8	I M S Sarapis	Twiss	Portsmouth, Jan 7.
	Scindia (s)	Storm	Calcutta, Jan. 26.
	City of Baltimore (s)	Verrill	Liverpool, Jan. 12.
	Vespasian (s)	Mew P	Liverpool, Jan. 4.
	J. B. Brown	Redsor	Kardiff, Oct. 5.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
7	Salisbury(s)	Wood	Marseilles.
	Khiva (s)	Lee	Southampton.
	Brankome Hall (s).	Collins	Liverpool.
	Nerissa(s)	Stuart	Rangoon.
	Burmah (s)	Allen	K Coast & Kurrachee.
	Zealous	Scottish	E Point.
	M Soondaram	Nescda	Tranquibar.
	I G Dalhousie (s)	Powell	Aden.
	I G Tenasserim(s)	Sizzet	Kurrachee.
	I G Czarewitch	Riton	Kurrachee.

The following vessels were entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer Bangalore, to Australia.
Steamer Calcutta, to P Gulf via Kurrachee.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.
3 Medina(s) ..... Dowker ..... Rangoon, Jan 28.
Commilla (s) ..... Hart ..... Rangoon, Jan 30.
Shahzada (s) ..... Scott ..... Moulmein, Jan 27.
County of Selkirk ..... Drysdale ..... Liverpool, Oct 25.
Clairmont ..... Hamilton ..... Bombay, Dec 18.
Petit Bourgeois ..... Falvedran ..... Bourbon, Dec 14.
4 Arabia (s) ..... Hutchinson ..... Negapatam, Jan 15.
James Livesay ..... Smith ..... Mauritius, Dec 17.
Vernon ..... Burns ..... Liverpool, Oct 14.
5 Rugby ..... Kirton ..... Cagliari, Dec 31.

DEPARTURES.

Feb. 3—Steamer Eldorado,
Feb. 4.—Ship City of Brussels.

PASSENGERS.

Per Shahzada—Mr and Mrs J W Corbitt and 3 children.
Per County of Selkirk—Mr Joseph Karrnen.
Per Commilla—A Cannzao and son, Mrs Periera and son.
Per James Livesay—Mrs C W Smith.
Per Arabia—Miss Benet, Mrs Wells, Mr Rickets, Mr Smith, Rev Peters.
Per Vernon.—Miss Burns.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

By Rugby—Steamer Hankow of London in Red Sea 5 miles off Mocha.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.
5 El Dorado (s) ..... Calcutta.
D of Lancaster (s) ..... London.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.
4 Asia (s) ..... Rangoon
Malda (s) ..... Bombay and S P.

ARRIVAL OF PASSENGERS.

Per s s Duke of Lancaster, from London, Februay 5 :—For Madras—The Rev J F Browne. For Calcutta—Miss Sellar, Mrs Baumgarten, Mr Baumgarten, and Mr Stewart.

DEPARTURE OF PASSENGERS.

Per s s El Dorado, for London, February 6 :—Mr Hogg, Mr F Butchart, Mr S C Munro, Mr W Wirekom, Mrs Clarke and infant, Mrs Attfield and 3 children Mrs Welland and Child, Mr Stephen, Mr R Parry, Mr J A Sandilands, Mr Walker, Mr J B Barthwick, and Mr Eastall,

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 7

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Anglia s—935 bundles hoop iron, Tespall Gopejee; 14 bundles copper bolts, Benn, Ashley and Co; 21 cases clocks, Hajee Dossa and Tar Mahamed.
Italia s—7 cases tabacco, The Agra Bank.

FROM GLASGOW.

Anglia s—30 cases sulphric acid, Eduljee Pallonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Nerissa s—50 cases whiskey, Sorabjee Cowasjee; 3 cases toys, Hajee Jan Mahamed Lutiff.
Manilla.—3 cases soap, Framjee Cursetjee and Co; 30 runlets tar, Hassanbhoy Noormahamed; 30 cases foolscape paper, Volkart Brothers; 5 packages glassware, Gangjee Poonja; 5 bales paper, Moleshund Furbhoodas; 6 casks port wine, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 45 cases oilmanstores, Bolton and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

John C Porter—65 bales rags, Farnham and Co; 245 cwts myrabolams, Goculdass Jaitha; 236¾ cwts coir yarn and 375 cwts myrabolams, Shamjee Naronjee and Co.
Yeddo s—500 cwts myrabolams, Robertson Brothers; 50 bales wool, Khimjee Luckmidass; 25 bales wool, Vussonjee Tricumdass and Co; 60 bales wool, N Sorabjee and Co.
Patomac s—163¾ cwts myrabolams, Monjee Godoo; 100 bales cotton, Ramjee Crushnajee and Co; 50 bales wool, Pestonjee Dorabjee; 55 bales wool, Jaitha Purshotum; 57 bales wool, Nurree Khubow; 120 bales wool, Govindjee Madowjee; 33 bales wool, Govindjee Tulsekohund; 26 bales wool, Candass Dhurumdass; 20 bales wool, Monjee Gopaljee.

FOR LONDON.

Spearman s—220 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapathy; 142¾ cwts gall, Sewjee Ramjee; 78 cwts coir fibre, Abdoola Hajee Ahmed; 15 cwts ginger, Naojee Godoo; 45 cwts wet dates, Jatha Khimjee; 119¾ cwts myrabolams, 972 cwts marrowcus and 35 cwts copra, Monjee Godoo.
Khiva s—94 cwts E teeth, Jairam Sewjee; 7½ cwts E teeth, Pirojshaw Attabhoy; 52 cwts E teeth, Ebram Rashinaee; 10 cwts E teeth, Surift Durvesh.
Menselich s—3,601 cwts linseed, Nusserwanjee Maneckjee and Co; 67 cwts m^o-p shells and 3 cases flahmawa, Hazmbally Ally Rusa; 22½ cwts indigo, Mahamedjee Hajee Adomjee.

FOR VENICE.

Nelson s—510 cwts rapeseed, Trebjee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Salisbury s—428 cwts gingellyseed, Ralli Brothers; 52 cwts E horns, Volkart Brother.
Czar s—1,129 cwts linseed, F Masotti and Co.
Travancore s—1,196¼ cwts gingellyseed, P and O Co.

FOR GENOA.

Anglia s—650 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co; 2,024 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Brothers; 150 bales cotton, The Cooper Landing Co.

FOR VENICE.

Lumley Castle s—100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 1,000½ cwts caster seed, Sigg, Sulzer and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Anglia s—750 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 300 bales cotton The Cooper Landing Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Calipso s—205 cwts oilbaunm, Sigg Sulzer and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Calipso s—240 bales cotton, Sigg, Sulzer and Co.
Lumley Castle s—200 bales cotton, Sigg, Sulzer and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—25 bales twist, Jehanghir Hormunjee and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—6 cwts nuxvaung, Datardina Mowjee; 25 cases sharkfins and 6 cases fishmaws, Ladhabhoy Chutoo; 6 cases sharkfins and 4 cases fishmaws, Goolamhoosein Janmohamed; 12 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 24 bales twist, Jehangirjee Hormunjee and Co; 10 bales twist, Aga Syed Mirza.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 6th February 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m, 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected at 32 deg. Fah	29·294
Temperature of the Air	74·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	63·5
Dew Point	56·6
Relative humidity of Air	0·549
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8. 0's)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 9 p.m.)	89·6
Minimum do. do. read at 10 a.m.	66·0
General Direction of Wind	N, NNW, NW NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	333.

* From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 9.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE KEMBALL.]

FOR JUDGMENT.

211-79—Rimington, H, C and B—Collinjee Keswjee vs Gangjee Akhia and another—Muljee and B and Jefferson B and D.

For Consent Decree on Further Directions.

711-68—Tobin and R—Meer Assad Ally vs Zeonissa Ladlee Begum and others—Hearn, C and L, and T and S, and K M.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

590-79—J C Cama—Nanjee Jaitha vs Govind Nursey—Rimington H C and B.
186-78—Macfarlane and G—Korejee Champsey vs Soonderjee Raghowjee—Sapoorjee and T.
360-79—Rimington, H C and B—Ghella Koresey vs Ghella Lookemsey and others—Chalk and W and R H C and B.
579-79—Muljee and B—Rukhmabai vs Ratanbhoy Smith and F.
330-79—Shamrao P—Gowroobai vs Derjee Sowa Thakoor and others—Tyabjee and S.
527-79—Tyabjee and S—Ballajee Jagonnath vs Josey Jaishunker Dayaram and another—H Bicknell.
399-79—Hearn, C and L—Doongersey Sezpall vs Sir Mungaldass Kathoobhoy Smith and F.
477-79—In person—(A pauper)—Shek Ooeman Shek Ebrahim vs Ladha Ebrahim and another—In person.
425-78—Rimington, H C and B—Muncherbhoy Benjee vs the New Dhurramsey Poonjabhoy S and W Co—Crawford and B.
367-79—Prescot and W—Gopaldass Madhowdass vs Pandoorung Ballibhdras and others—Shapurjee and T and S and F.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICES MARRIOTT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

176-79—Shamrao P—Framjee Dadabhoy Appoo vs. Dadabhoy Rustomjee Appoo—Pestonjee K—Part heard.
In the matter of Act 34 of 1855 and in the matter of the lunacy of Hajee Abdool Russool bin Hajee Hoosen Ally Casrani —Khatizabebee, Petitioner—Tyabjee and S.
For decision on Commissioner's report.
660-77—Tyabjee and S—Bai Luckmibai vs Sha Moolchund Khoobchal and others—Prescot and W and A and H.

LOSE CAUSES.

644-79—Balkrishna and B—Wamon Kashinath Joshi and another vs Wassudeo Withoba and others—Craigie, L and O.
540-79—Chalk and W—Madhowrao Dinanathjee vs Anundrao Dinakjee and another—Hearn, C and L and Shamrao.
648-79—Macfarlane and G—Jafferbhoy Goolam Hoosein vs Mahomedbhoy Rowjee—Tyabjee and S.
652-79—Ardasir and H—The Colaba Spinning and W Co, Ld, vs The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Craigie, L and O.
656-79—Tyabjee and S—Dalputram Pranjiwandass vs Ambaram Nurbheram and another.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 5.

Skues, Surg Major, on duty, from Poona.

FEBRUARY 7.

Ferguson, Lieut, 72nd Highlanders, on sick leave, from Cabul.
Spencer, Quarter Master, 2-8th Regt, on leave, from Peshawar.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 7.

Burne, Col, Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Hughes, Surg, on duty, to Kirkee.
Johnson, Lieut Col. 4th Cavalry H C, on duty, to Aurungabad.
Duncan, Major, R A, on leave, to England.
Dutt, Surg, on duty, to Aden.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, 7th February, 1880.

1 There will be a parade under the Adjutant on Thursday morning at 6-30 a.m. opposite the Gymkhana; all members are requested to attend. White uniform to be worn. The range will be closed on that morning.
2 The following transfer is made at his own request :—
Bugler W Alexander from H to B Company from this date.
3 The usual monthly Committee meeting will take place at Head Quarters at 5 p.m. on Tuesday, the 10th inst.
4 The Executive Committee of the Regtl Rifle Association will meet at 5-30 p.m., same place and date.

By Order,
F. STOKES,
Captain and Adjutant, Bombay V. R. C.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTH.

FORTUNE—February 3rd, at Madras, the wife of Mr. J. Fortune, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

BLYTH—January 27th, at Balladhun Garden, Lucknipore, Cachar, Peter Blyth, of Largs Ayrshire, aged 26 years.
CHOWN—January 31st, at Abbottabad, Charles James Tilson, son of Lieutenant Colonel W. C. Chowne, 8th Punjab Infantry aged 10 months.

CALENDAR FOR FEBRUARY 1880.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

New Moon ..... 10th, 4h. 5·6m. P.M.

Date.	Remarks.	Sun rises. A.M.	Sun sets. P.M.	High Water. H. M.	Low Water. H. M.
Feb. Mon. 9	.....	6 33	5 56	10 37 m / 11 20 a	4 45 m / 4 37 a
Tues. 10	Shrove Tuesday.	6 33	5 56	11 25 m / 11 57 a	5 27 m / 5 21 a
Wed. 11	Ash Wednesday.	6 32	5 57	..... / 0 8 a	6 6 m / 6 0 a
Th. 12	English Mail expected.	6 32	5 57	0 35 m / 1 7 m	6 45 m / 7 18 m
Fri. 13	.....	6 31	5 57	1 50 a / 1 38 m	7 25 a / 7 52 m
Sat. 14	St. Valentine's Day.	6 31	5 58	2 8 a / 2 20 m	7 54 m / 8 26 m
Sun. 15	Quadragesima, 1st Sunday in Lent.	6 30	5 58	2 48 a	8 26 m

NOTICE.

MR. A. MENIST has AUTHORIZED his AGENTS, Messrs. C. MARCKS & Co., to SELL his celebrated SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., at LOWER PRICES than Mr. Menist charged, the expenses not being so great.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1880.

WE doubt the wisdom of omitting from the Afghan Blue Book which has just been issued, the correspondence between the Russians and the Amir Shere Ali which was discovered in Kabul. "Russian susceptibilities" would not be a whit more ruffled by their publication than they no doubt have been by their discovery and the public references that have been made to them. And while they are kept secret the Opposition will, as a matter of course, maintain that they are kept back simply because their publication would prove that there was nothing going on at Kabul beyond an interchange of compliments. By giving the documents textually to the world the truth as to the alleged Russian intrigues would be established, and if the matter was seen by the English people to have been really serious Lord Beaconsfield's Government would be sustained with more heartiness in its Afghan policy. Nothing is gained by an affectation of mystery in such affairs. Since the discovery of the despatches has been publicly spoken of by prominent members of the Cabinet it is absurd to refuse to disclose their contents lest the Russian intriguers should feel disconcerted by the exposure. That is an excellent reason for sending the documents to the printer without delay.

It is curious to find that among the Afghan papers now published is a despatch written by the Viceroy the very day before General Roberts was forced by Mahomed Jan to retire into his camp at Sherpur, asserting that the establishment of a single permanent Afghan Government was impracticable. The scheme for dividing Afghanistan amongst a number of sirdars dependent on the British for their position had evidently taken shape at that time. What has happened since shows very forcibly that the Afghans are by no means so likely to fall in with this plan of pacification as was then imagined. The tribes have shown a faculty for political organization with which they were not credited, and they are now quite as united for a common purpose as they were under Dost Mahomed or Shere Ali. If Mahomed Jan or Abderrahman or any other of the chiefs manifests exceptional ability he will be acknowledged by the rest and become Amir in authority if not in name. The tendency to cohesion is evidently stronger than that of disruption, and we may as well keep that fact in view when devising plans for the ultimate settlement of the country. The sirdars whom we may set up as governors in different districts will either be slain as traitors by those to whom they are sent as rulers or they will have to follow the current of national feeling and fight against us on the first opportunity, following the lead of the most energetic and the most implacable of our enemies. There is, therefore, nothing left for us but to establish our military supremacy in the first instance, and leave the question of the subsequent disposal of the country to be settled by events. To speak of "withdrawing" from Afghanistan before that task is accomplished is to show a want of grasp of the situation. We might indeed accept the terms offered us by Mahomed Jan and the other confederate chiefs at Ghazni and give hostages for the immediate evacuation of the country. But if we did that we should not flatter ourselves that our Afghan campaign had been crowned by success. And between the ignominious abandonment of the country and its thorough pacification there is now really no safe and honourable medium. When we are masters of Ghazni and Herat, and have driven from the field the Afghan army, we can take a more equable view of what will be best for India and Afghanistan in the future than is now possible. Those who are denouncing the Government for not "declaring its policy" would perhaps do wisely to attend less to its vague and halting utterances on this subject, and to look at its acts. The railway to Sibi, and the metre gauge line thence to Kandahar; the heavy guns being sent up to Kabul; the sending forward of large reinforcements; the making of roads wherever practicable; all these measures are consistent with a very well defined policy, the nature of which it is not so difficult to imagine. What is chiefly needed is not a declaration of policy, but that the Government should have the courage of its opinions, and firmly act upon its own views.

PROFESSOR WORDSWORTH in his letter to us of the 2nd inst. attempts to uphold his position, to which we had taken exception, that it is possible for a consistent free trader to maintain free trade in theory and refuse to admit it in practice; and that the political economist has a right to claim that the science he propounds is correct, unless his facts or train of reasoning are shown to be wrong, irrespective of the result of the practical working of his theory. With regard to the latter point, which Mr. Wordsworth first considers in his letter, he brings forward the science of physiology to prove that a scientific doctrine cannot be overthrown by "adducing facts in apparent contradiction to it," and he asks: "Is the physiological doctrine that exercise is favourable to health less true because a man with an hereditary disposition to heart complaint has been killed in a gymnasium?" But the doctrine that exercise is conducive to health is an empirical doctrine, not a scientific one. The illustration would have been pertinent to the case in point, had physiologists established by deduction that exercise was favourable to health; but from experience it had been found that ninety-nine out of a hundred persons were suffering from heart disease, or some other complaint which prevented their taking exercise. Mr. Wordsworth asks, "Is a parent under any obligation to reject the physiological doctrine that exercise promotes health, because one of his offspring has been injured by a course of training which has strengthened others?" We reply, no. But suppose that the parent has eight children and three grandchildren, of whom the oldest, whom we will call Italy, is admittedly suffering from exercise; that the next child, France, had always refused to take exercise, but is, notwithstanding, a model of health; that another, Germany, had also refused exercise and continued fairly well; that three other children—Spain, Austria and Russia—had never been able to take any exercise; that another, Turkey, had been made to take it, but had always been a weak sickly child; that one child, England, the strongest naturally, had of late taken a good deal of exercise and had thriven under it. Let us suppose, further, that three strong hearty grandchildren whom we will call the United States, Canada, and Australia, the children of England, had persistently refused to take exercise and still were growing very strong. That a foster child, called India, was compelled to take exercise, and was admittedly suffering from it. Now, what would be a parent's opinion of exercise in such a case: one child only benefitting from exercise, one child and three grandchildren thriving largely without it, three children poorly from other causes and for whom no one recommended exercise, three children addicted to it but all suffering, and two of them admittedly from exercise. Suppose a parent with this family and with no other family in the world to guide him in his opinions, and what would be his views on the subject of exercise?

But Mr. Wordsworth goes further and says, "I regard free trade between nations as an ideal to be kept steadily in view." And he puts it on the same ground as free government: "I believe that that form of government is the best in which the greatest number of citizens have a direct interest and a direct responsibility." And he asks, "Will you tax me also in this case with the absurdity of believing that a doctrine can be true in theory and false in practice?" Yes, we must. The Professor states that a representative government is the "best." But where is it the best? Not in India he says, nor in China, we suppose; nor in Russia, nor in Turkey, nor in Mexico. The relative value of different forms of government depends upon the conditions under which they are exercised. For most of the nations now existing, representative government would probably be the worst form that could be offered them. The question is simply one of utility; it is not a question of morality which can be stated by itself without conditions. In some countries representative government is the best, and under certain circumstances it would be the best everywhere, but these conditions are not found generally. As an ideal, to educate the world up to, it is well enough, but we cannot admit unconditionally the doctrine that representative government is the best government. Apply it to practice, and it would be found unsound doctrine in most countries. It recalls to mind the remark of M. Taine, "Ten millions of ignorant people do not make one wise man."

But this illustration gives us Professor Wordsworth' position. He considers the doctrine of free trade an ideal to be kept in view, as representative government is. This is all right so far as it goes, and we would not gainsay it, but this is not science. Science must go farther than draw an ideal, possible only in ideal circumstances; that is the work of the theorist, of the dreamer, of the enthusiast; and such speculations must be accepted with all drawbacks and restrictions. But science is more practical, and deals not only with the ideas in a dreamer's mind, but with facts as they are in life. What would be the science of meteorology if it dealt only with an ideal atmosphere, and ignored the various counteracting elements which are met with on the earth? Science does give us the means of portraying an ideal Government, and an ideal free trade, which under conditions, not human, would work perfectly; but science does not stop there, for it is something more than mere abstract speculation, and Political Economy as a science "investigates the laws of the production and distribution of wealth, which result from the principles of human nature, as they operate under the actual circumstances of the external world." It is in this that the scientist is superior to the mere theorist.

And Political Economy *claims* to go far beyond the ideal which satisfies Professor Wordsworth. The late Professor Cairns defines it "as the science which, accepting as ultimate facts the principles of human nature and the physical laws of the external world, as well as the *conditions, political and social*, of the several communities of men, investigates the laws of the production and distribution of wealth which result from their *combined operation.*" It is thus claimed for political economy that it *does* take account of "those ancient and highly complex organizations which we call nations," and which our Professor would have it ignore. And the objections to its application which Mr. Wordsworth finds, are also met by political economists by the argument that the injury suffered by certain classes from the introduction of free trade is more than compensated for by the advantages gained by the people in general. For instance, Professor Cairns admits that in the case of Ireland "free trade has in one instance at least involved, if not accomplished, the destruction of a nation's industry;" but does he, therefore, like our Professor, ask for modified protection and call free trade simply an "ideal to be kept in view?" No; he insists that the injury is fully compensated for in other ways. He affirms: "Free trade is a product of systematic reasoning * * *; the announcement that free trade would enrich a nation formed a distinct prediction which, wherever the experiment has been tried, has been verified by the event." And yet Professor Cairns is not of those who declare political economy to be a positive science, he distinctly argues that it is a hypothetical one. Now the American Protectionists and some English ones claim for Political Economy that it is eminently a practical science; that although its doctrines were first necessarily obtained by deduction from a comparatively limited knowledge of human nature, the case is different now, when there is such an intimate acquaintance with the various conditions of each nation; and that it is not for the political economist to point to his generalization "from very simple communities," but taking into account the "past history, the present needs, the inherited creeds, habits, codes and industries of these organizations," that it is his duty to analyze these phenomena, and by the inductive method to trace them to their sources. And in this the French economists as represented by M. Comte seem to agree, as the latter proposed to try Political Economy by the test of fruit. If, therefore, Professor Wordsworth is right that the doctrine of free trade is not applicable to France, or Italy, or India, in fact that "the same fiscal system will hardly suit all nations," then he should accept the doctrine that Political Economy must take the facts as they exist, and by induction seek for a line of reasoning which can be applied to human nature as it is and not be satisfied with one applicable to an ideal state of things.

But Professor Wordsworth not only disagrees with Free traders, as to the practical result of the free trade doctrine, he is at one with the Protectionists. He says:—"French statesmen from Colbert to Thiers have always held fast to the maxim that a due proportion of urban industries is of vital moment to an agricultural country like France with a dense population. * * * I am inclined to believe that their resolution has been a prudent one." Yes, but who are these statesmen with whom the Professor agrees, Free traders? No, they are acknowledged Protectionists. M. Thiers says to Mr. Senior "I am as you know a Protectionist; I believe that free trade suits you. Our protectionist policy is not a theory suddenly carried into excution like your free trade; it has gradually grown up and it suits us." M. Alby, an avowed protectionist, in an article in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* some years ago, came to the same conclusion as Professor Wordsworth, though starting from the opposite point. He contended that the doctrine of *protection* was sound, but that in old countries it was not possible to carry it fairly into effect. For this reason he was in favour of a "modified free trade" for France.

The point with regard to which we are at issue with Professor Wordsworth is not the truth or falsity of the free trade doctrine, or the desirability of its application to any particular country, but simply whether, with his declared views in favour of protection—or qualified free trade as he prefers to call it, though we insist that the former is the correct term—he can consistently call himself a free trader. If Mr. Wordsworth took his stand with the English economists and insisted that the doctrine of free trade could be applied advantageously, or if he sided with the French and American protectionists in declaring free trade a theory, inapplicable to most nations under present conditions, we should not question his position. But when he declares himself a free trader in principle and yet objects to free trade in practice, and excuses himself on the ground that Political Economy "takes little account of the circumstances of nations," then he seems to us to try to "run with the hare and to hunt with the hounds." He may be right in his view of free trade as applied to Italy, to France, and to India, but when he takes that view he is not a free trader. "Free trade enables the lab

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

LEVYING CONTRIBUTIONS.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 7.

KANDAHAR, Feb 6.—Mahomed Aslam Khan Tokhi, attempting to levy contributions from some minor chiefs of his own tribe, wounded two of them, and has had to leave the country in consequence.

Good rain fell at intervals from Saturday morning till Sunday evening, when it changed to snow which ceased before next day. Hard frost followed, and cold more severe than at any period since our occupation of Kandahar.

Agricultural prospects are much improved, and prices are falling.

PROGRESS REPORT OF THE KANDAHAR RAILWAY.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 8.

The following progress report of the Kandahar Railway has been received from H. E. the Governor of Bombay at Sibi:—The construction of surface and platelaying together was for several days done at the rate of two and a half miles daily, and for two days at least at the rate of two and three quarters, thus establishing the practicability of rates of speed under favourable circumstances. His Excellency was carried on the 5th at the rate of forty miles an hour over the Kachi desert line in good order. Rails are now laid seven miles beyond Sibi to the mouth of the Nari gorge. A short branch of three miles is laid down from Sibi to the Nari river in the direction of Bolan for military purposes. A commissariat and transport base for Southern Afghanistan has been established at Sibi. The road for the service of the railway has been constructed from the mouth of the Nari gorge point near Spintangi, twenty-seven miles, by Sappers and Miners. One thousand and five hundred Bombay carts, drawn by three thousand Sind bullocks, are concentrating at Sibi for carting metre gauge rails to a point near Spintangi, from which point plate-laying onwards will begin. Seventeen miles of metre rails are laid down at Sibi and 15 miles more are on the way, also eight miles of sleepers. The Sappers are now preparing a road for the service of the railway beyond Spintangi. Surveys are proceeding up to the rift of Chapar. The result so far is favourable, as showing that the distance for the line is somewhat less than was expected. Preliminary examination of the rift of Charpa is also favourable. Railway work is vigorously proceeding in the Nari gorge, where two thousand five hundred labourers are employed, who were obtained from Sind. A further supply of labour from Sind is being arranged. Proceedings are regulated according to the programme laid down in His Excellency's minute of the 10th December, and sanctioned by the Government of India.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 8.

The following special telegrams are published:—

THE AFGHAN DESPATCHES.

LONDON, VIA TEHERAN, Feb. 6.—The Afghan despatches have been published. They contain little news. Everything that could wound Russian susceptibilities is excluded. The Government is to be questioned.

THE CENTRAL ASIAN DESPATCHES.

LONDON, VIA SUEZ, Feb. 6.—The Central Asian despatches have also been published. They show that on the 13th of August the Czar assured Lord Dufferin that the Russians would not advance to Merv.

THE LUGHMAN VALLEY EXPEDITION.

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 8.

JALLALABAD, Feb. 6.—No news of importance have been received from the Lughman Valley General Boisragon's force is expected to return and join the remainder of the column to-day. The last report was that he had reached Kushmahomedali, four miles this side of Adrakbudrak, and that a cavalry reconnaissance would be made to Dobeywi.

Supplies are still very scarce.

The column remains in the Lughman Valley till the principal men come to terms, when the forts will be made over to them to hold against Ashmatullah, otherwise they will be blown up, and the column will move on to Katta Sung. The river will be crossed at Charbagh to ascertain what supplies are to be had on that side.

Rain has fallen, making the weather excessively cold.

PREPARATIONS OF THE ENEMY.

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 8.

KABUL, Feb 5.—Mahomed Jan has written to Abdul Wahal, son of Mullick Gholam, of Argundeh, asking him to collect the disbanded Argundeh regiments of the late Amir. Abdul Wahal has replied that, as soon as Mahomed Jan arrives at Maidan, the regiments will be assembled.

Faiz Mahomed Khan, of Logar, is expected to arrive here shortly with a report of the affairs of that district. This is not the late Ali Musjid commander.

The Maidan Mullicks are still with us.

The Shergur Hindoos in the city seem reassured, and only very few of them have left for India.

From Kohat two guns and 1 mountain battery have been detached from the Kurrum force, and are now proceeding to join the reserve division of troops at Lundi Kotal.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT.

AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, FEB. 7.

Afghan despatches from the Secretary of State for India to the Viceroy, dated 11th December, have been published, from which it seems clear that the establishment of a single permanent Afghan Government is impracticable.

Mr. E. Stanhope, Under-Secretary of State for India, in replying to a question in the House of Commons, said that the despatch of the Duke of Argyll to the Amir of Afghanistan in 1869 expressly designated Her Majesty the Queen as Empress of India.

Mr. Stanhope said it was true that correspondence between Russia and the Amir of Afghanistan had been discovered in Kabul, but that the Government declined to produce the papers in question on the grounds that it would be inexpedient and prejudicial to the public service so to do.

THE ADDRESS IN REPLY TO THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

The debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech was resumed in the House of Commons last night, during which Mr. Redmond, Home Ruler, Member for Wexford, brought forward an amendment condemning the neglect evinced by the Government of the present distress in Ireland. Other Home Rule members during the debate which followed this amendment urged that the Government should make advances to the Irish tenants. Sir Stafford Northcote in reply detailed the measures which have been adopted, and stated the future intentions of the Government in respect to relieving the prevailing distress. The debate was then adjourned.

THE PRESS-LAWS.

Mr. Hopwood, member for Stockport, gave notice that he intended to call the attention of the House to the existing Press-Laws.

THE CANDIDATURE OF SIR RICHARD TEMPLE.

The electoral address of Sir Richard Temple to the electors of East Worcestershire has been issued.

RESULT OF THE LIVERPOOL ELECTION.

The result of the election of a member of Parliament for Liverpool in place of the late Mr. Torr is as follows:—Mr. Whitley, Conservative, 26,106 votes; Lord Ramsay, Liberal, 23,885. Lord Ramsay received the support of the Irish electors in consequence of an agreement he had made with them to vote for a Parliamentary enquiry demanded by the Home Rulers.

Consols 98.

INDIAN IMPORT DUTIES ON COTTON GOODS.

LONDON, FEB. 7.

Lord Cranbrook, Secretary of State for India, in reply to a deputation from the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, said the Government had no information confirming the rumour that it is intended to reimpose the import duties on cotton goods in India. He was of opinion that such a course would be most unjust, and gave his assurances that both the Viceroy and Sir John Strachey were very favourable to the abolition of the duties in question.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

SUEZ, FEB. 6.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Patna, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee left to-day.

PORT SAID, FEB. 7.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here to-day.

MALTA, FEB. 7.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dorunda, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here yesterday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, FEB. 6, NOON.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	81,000 Bales.
Amount forwarded	9,000 do.
Do. Week's sales of Surats	6,000 do.
Do. do. Imports of Cotton	101,000 do.
Do. do. do. Surats	1,000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	499,000 do.
Do. do. Surats	30,000 do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London	37,000 do.

LONDON, FEB. 6 APT.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats firm.

The London Cotton market has been firm.	
Fair Dhollera	5¾.
The Manchester market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6-7¼
8¼ lbs. do	7-7¾
40's Mule Twist	1-0¾
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	78
4 do. do.	85¾
8 per cent. Consols for account	93
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	115
Bar Silver	52 9-16d.
Oriental Bank shares	£23-10
Chartered do.	£23-10
Do. Mercantile shares	£22-10
Hongkong and Shanghai	£38
Arrival—Cathay.	

RATE OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 8 3-16d.	per Re.
Do. 2 months' sight...	1s. 8 11-32d.	,,
Credits 4 ,, ,, ...	1s. 8 15-32d.	,,
Documents 3 ,, ,, ...	1s. 8¼d.	,,
France 3 ,, ,, ...	2-15	,,

STEAMER REPORT.

MADRAS, FEB. 7, 2 P.M.

Manilla Mail leaves Hongkong 9th.

THE field state at the Volunteer parade on Saturday was as follows:—2 field officers, 2 staff officers, 13 officers, 4 staff sergeants, 14 sergeants, 84 rank and file, 3 buglers, and 28 bandsmen—total, of all ranks, 150.

WE are glad to hear that the outbreak of cholera at Egatpoora is subsiding. The number of deaths appears also to have been less than was supposed, numbering no more than seventeen in one day and only thirty-six in seven days.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to say that there are books for those wishing to learn Pushtoo—a dictionary, a grammar, and a reading book, prose and reading book,—by Mr. Raverty, now procurable in Bombay. This is information for officers proceeding to Afghanistan.

THE *Pioneer's* Kabul correspondent telegraphs that the statement in the *Times*, as to the withdrawal to Jallalabad, is only one of many suggestions floating about, such as recalling Yakub Khan, putting Wali Mahomed, or perhaps more probably Hashim Khan, on the throne. Until the Government declares its decision, all these suggestions are of equal value. Perhaps the one most likely to be adopted is a rapid march upon Ghazni next month, scattering Mahomed Jan's army; and then the partition of Afghanistan into provinces, retaining Kandahar on the south, and the country between the Kabul river and Safed Koh westward to Gandamak, on the north; with a good road running from Jallalabad along the Daranta cliff through the Lughman Valley.

OF the state of affairs amongst our troops on the Khyber line the *Civil and Military Gazette* writes:—The cavalry brigade of the reserve division under Brigadier-General Hankin was inspected by General Ross on the 31st January. The 4th B. C. has been transferred to General Bright's division being replaced in the reserve by the 3rd B. C. The 12th B. C. which has returned from the front is a mere skeleton of a regiment and is ordered to Nowshera to recruit. The 14th Bengal Lancers also from the front shows signs of hard work and will require rest to bring the horses into good condition. It may be questioned whether during the past campaign the cavalry arm has been judiciously employed and economised. Of the 9th Lancers we have heard that the horses have been reduced in strength as to be unable to carry their riders over a small ditch. And on the memorable ride of the 12th B.C. past Butkhak to meet General Charles Gough, many of the horses were unable to struggle up the bank of the river after crossing the stream. We are not advocates for coddling up either men or horses. Let them both do their work honestly. But we fear there is too often a reckless disregard of the means to the end. Horses' legs are not made of iron, and neither man nor beast can work well for long without food and rest. And while we write of this arm, it occurs to us to ask with twelve regiments of Bengal cavalry in the field, how they are all to be relieved by the seven regiments that have not yet been employed, if the war lasts, as it probably will last for the next two years? Recruiting is, we learn, from all sides growing daily more and more difficult. A squadron of the 8th Hussars left Peshawur for Basawal on the 1st February. This regiment is reported to be in a high state of efficiency, as is also the Central India Horse. These two fine regiments are undoubtedly a very valuable reinforcement to the Khyber line of communications.

THE *Bombay Review*:—Principal Wordsworth, as these letters of his abundantly show, is one of the least likely persons to misapply economic maxims because of undue deference to the scientific propositions from which they are deduced. Indeed in his remarks on the particular instance chosen for illustration—the condition of Italy, more especially its southern provinces—it seems to us that if he has erred, it is in not giving science its due, and from making a too partial application of its principles. His diagnosis is far from exhaustive when he thus writes:—"In Southern Italy the population, which is steeped in indescribable misery and poverty, has been thrown back on agriculture as almost its sole resource, and the poverty of the landowners is so great that their demand for labour is not increasing, and they are able to do little or nothing for the improvement of the soil." There are four or five other matters to be considered besides those mentioned in this sentence, and the protective tariffs, formerly nursing the now "weakened" manufactures, spoken of in the preceding one. For instance, a very large, and perhaps the most vital branch of economic science, occupies itself with defining the relations between land and its cultivators and the proportions in which its produce is distributed between the several claimants over the soil. It strikes us on reading the sentence we have quoted, that an economist, well furnished in respect of the branch of the science just alluded to, would find in that direction very much to account for "the indescribable misery and poverty" of the peasantry in Southern Italy. We venture to take exception to the expression "thrown back on agriculture," as implying that this is a result of protective tariffs being removed from a few rickety and wastefully worked manufactures. Many years ago, and long before any effects could arise from modification of Italy's protective tariffs, it happened to the present writer to have to make enquiry into the condition of the peasantry of the Neapolitan and Papal States. And at that period the "misery and poverty" which obtained in those regions were, if not quite "indescribable," so abject and hopeless that it is not possible to conceive any worse state of things—at least not elsewhere in any such genial climate. So we are unable to accept the statement literally, though backed by the high authority of Professor Villari, that "unrestricted free-trade has killed or crippled Italy's immature and feeble industries, and thrown her population on a single, and that a precarious resource." Our impression, derived from the enquiry alluded to is that not only "the misery and poverty" of the peasantry in those provinces but much of the brigandage and disorder which keep "industries" in a feeble condition and repel manufacturing enterprise are clearly traceable to an evil and inequitable landed system. Political economy rightly applied condemns this vicious state of affairs just as emphatically as it does protective tariffs; and it seems to us that it would be more consistent to apply the principles of the science to reform the landed system of Southern Italy than to "encourage certain native industries" by making all the nation pay factitious prices for the products of those industries. Then, too, there is in Italy the crushing "load of taxation which a true economist would set himself resolutely to diminish, rather than to foster "feeble industries" which in the eyes of interested producers disguise its effects.

THE Secretary of State has approved of the measures taken by the Government of India in connection with the assumption of authority over their States by the Raja of Rutlam, and the Chief of Dewas. In connection with the subject Lord Cranbrook remarks that the results exhibited in the papers "testify to the remarkable ability with which, during the minority of the chiefs, the States in question have been administered by the native gentlemen to whom the conduct of their affairs was entrusted, and to the judicious supervision which has been exercised" by the Agent to the Governor General in Central India. The record of the administration of Rutlam is regarded as most gratifying, and as thoroughly justifying the various marks of commendation which the superintendent, Mir Shahamat Ali, has from time to time, received from the Government of India. The grant of titles and honors recommended by Sir H. Daly for the four native gentlemen connected with the administration has been approved by the Secretary of State.

THE Transport Department comes in for a good deal of dispraise at times; but the work done is sometimes appreciated, as witness the following divisional order issued at Sherpur on January 22nd:—"Lieutenant Colonel Mark Heathcote, having handed over the office of Director of Transport, Sir F. Roberts wishes to place on record his sense of the services rendered by that officer. At the request of the Lieutenant-General, he undertook the arduous duties of the appointment, when the Kabul Field Force was in motion upon Kabul, and when the Transport organization was far from being complete. By the exertions of himself and his assistants, reforms have been introduced and improvements made, which have enabled the recent operations to be carried on with greater facility, and which promise, in course of time, to place the Transport Department on a thoroughly efficient footing, and Sir F. Roberts begs to thank Lieutenant-Colonel Heathcote for the assistance he has afforded him." What terribly hard work fell upon the shoulders of the Transport officers on the march from Ali Kheyl to Kabul, only those who shared in the advance can know. "From Kushi to Charasiab," says an eye-witness, "Mark Heathcote and his little staff of young officers may truly be said to have lived in the saddle, and in many cases to have slept in it also."

SURGEON MAJOR GRANT has succeeded to the medical charge of the 4th Native Infantry.

A TELEGRAM was received in Calcutta on Wednesday, announcing that Mr. Jones, Chief Officer of the B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Purulia, committed suicide on the voyage to Rangoon, by shooting himself with a revolver.

ON the 5th inst., a row of new shops and the Municipal Office at Simla were completely destroyed by fire. The amount of the damage is estimated at a lakh and a half of rupees.

THE *Englishman* notes that, apart from the magnitude of the force now on its way, or under orders, from the Bombay Presidency for Kandahar, there is this feature about its equipment, that instead of the usual complement of three to four guns per thousand men, it is to be accompanied by no less than eighty-three guns, or between five and six per thousand. As there is not the remotest probability of this exceptionally strong force of artillery being required for any operations either in the immediate neighbourhood of Kandahar or between that place and Quetta; an explanation of its despatch must be sought further afield, and it is difficult to avoid the conviction that it is intended as a provision against the contingency of an advance on Herat.

A KABUL correspondent writes:—In the hospital at present there is a Ghazi who was wounded during the recent fighting. On his admission it was thought necessary to have a Goorkha guard over him, although the poor wretch with a ball through his hip could not stir to do anybody harm. The guard was soon withdrawn. The Ghazi appears most grateful for the kindness he receives, and is evidently struck with the different treatment adopted by the unbelieving dogs towards their wounded prisoners to that which would be practised by followers of the Prophet towards any Kaffirs who might fall into their hands.

THE pay of racing officials in England is exceedingly liberal, considering the very easy duties they have to perform. Apparently it does not require any very great amount of intellectual capacity when a number of horses are in a line to pronounce the word "Go," but for saying "Go" the best-class starters receive from £20 to £25 a-day. The clerk of the scales, whose duty it is to see after the weights carried by horses, is paid in many cases at the rate of £20 per day, whilst to the judge £25 per day is given. The clerk of the course, in the majority of instances, pockets the fees. There are other pickings of an indirect sort. Though the clerk of the scales is paid so highly, it by no means follows that he is responsible for any mistake that may be made in the matter of weighing; nor does the starter guarantee a good start. To become a racing official is to be placed on the road to fortune.

It appears that the Government of India contemplated sending Yakub Khan to the Nilgheris, but have given up the idea. The *Madras Mail* says:—For some days past the wire has been freely used between the Madras Government and the Commissioner of the Nilgiris to ascertain whether a fitting residence could be found either at Ootacamund or Kotagherry, for Yakub Khan. Bishopsdown at the former, and Kotah Hall at the latter, seemed desirable houses, and the Commissioner was directed to place himself in communication with the owners of these respective properties with a view to their purchase on behalf of Government. A final telegram from the Government of India, however, directed a termination of these negotiations. Another home probably has been found for the exile.

THE *Pioneer* advocates the closing of the branch district dispensaries. He writes:—With an utterly inadequate supply of European remedies and officered by "hospital assistants" with a mere smattering of European science, are these institutions likely to engender confidence in the superiority of our medical art among the people at large? Many of them, no doubt, can show registers with a fair average daily attendance of patients; but what check is there on these registers? A flying visit of half an hour from the Civil Surgeon once in three months, and from a Deputy Surgeon-General once in three years. A branch dispensary in a tract where malarious fever had been very prevalent and still lingered, was found the other day, by a visitor, to have neither quinine nor any form of cinchona in store. Asked if he had any English medicines, the native doctor cheerfully replied, "only poisons:" not thereby glancing injuriously at our Pharmacopœia, but rejoicing in the possession of certain drugs, a little of which goes a very long way.

AN agent of the Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation has been getting into trouble at Mandalay, whence a correspondent writes as follows to a Calcutta paper:—Within the past week several gentlemen from Rangoon and Moulmein have favoured us with a visit. Among those I will mention Messrs. Wallace and Bryce from Rangoon, and Mr. Kennedy from Moulmein. The first two gentlemen, who are members of the Bombay-Burma Corporation, I am informed, have come up on account of Mr. Darwood, and it is hoped their presence will induce the king to treat Mr. Darwood with a little more consideration than he has done lately. The story concerning Mr. Darwood may be explained in a few words. A monstrous claim has been brought against him, and he was warned not to leave Mandalay till he had settled it up. Mr. Darwood has for some years past been working the Naugan forests, under an agreement with the Burmese Government to pay them so much for every log of timber he brought out. He has been in the habit of rendering yearly accounts of the timber drawn out by him from time to time, and exported from the country. By some secret means, however, it would appear that the ministers have discovered that these accounts were not correct or faithfully rendered, and they have shown a glaring discrepancy between Mr. Darwood's accounts and those furnished by their own agents, proving that the Burmese Government were being defrauded of a large sum of money. This they have now called upon Mr. Darwood to refund, and as he is intimately connected with the Bombay-Burma Corporation, the gentlemen I have named above have come up to enter into some sort of a settlement. Meantime, Mr. Darwood's work is at a standstill, as the ministers have given orders for every obstacle to be put in the way of his getting any more timber.

SAYS the *Bombay Catholic Examiner*—Mr Frederick Manning, brother of Cardinal Manning, died at Leamington the evening of Jan. 15, in his 84th year. The deceased was the eldest son of Mr. William Manning, of Comebank, Sevenoaks, some time M. P. for Lymington, and Governor of the Bank of England. Deceased had resided at Leamington for many years in great retirement, devoting his wealth to the erection of Protestant churches, and supporting local charities and the poor.

SIR GEORGE R. SITWELL and Herr Carl Von Buch have furnished the *Times* with a statement of a discovery made by them while attending the *seances* of the Br. National Association of Spiritualists, said to be the most genuine in England, and conducted under the strictest conditions. A spirit who was declared to be that of a dead girl, aged twelve years, was seized by them and discovered to be no other than the medium herself, Mrs. Corner. Her discarded garments were found behind the curtain. How many more of these exposures, asks the *Bombay Guardian*, will have to be made before people abandon their belief in this 19th century superstition?

A LETTER from Bushehr says:—We have a new coin current now in Persia which is quite an improvement on the old *tomen*. It is circular and as large as a four anna piece. It bears the representation of the Shah on one side and on the other the anperscription in Persian "i-Sultan Nasrudeen Shah Kajar." The new silver Kran is very similar only that instead of the Shah it bears the insignia of the "Lion and Sun." The weather continues cloudy, but we have not been favoured with any more rain. Whether the quantity we have had is sufficient for the season is difficult to say.

THE Kurrachee *Civil and Military Gazette* comments thus strongly on the conduct of the police in what is known as the Lyaree murder case:—The trial has been most unsatisfactory. The conviction of the one prisoner who has been found guilty by the court, in difference with the assessors, has had to rest on a chain of circumstances requiring a judicial chain of reasoning to connect them to a conclusion. Had the enquiry been properly carried out from the first; had the District Superintendent of Police and his Assistant (Mr. Jones) done their duty, we have small hesitation in saying that the case against the murderers might and would have been conclusively made out. As it is, we should not be surprised if an appeal should succeed. Anyhow it would not be possible to carry out a death sentence as it stands.

THE opium returns show that the last sale of Bengal opium produced Rs. 11,04,625 more than the estimate, and that the pass duty for the tenth month at Bunwa was better than the estimate by Rs. 22,66,250, so that the increase over the estimates for the month stands at Rs. 34,70,875, a most satisfactory outcome.

THE following are the general remarks on the reports on the weather and crops in Burma for the week ended the 17th January:—"General health good, small-pox somewhat prevalent, some cholera and fever, slight cattle disease, favourable accounts of harvest."

NOTICING Mr. Nana Morojee's retirement and the improbability of Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee returning to the bench, the *Indian Spectator* remarks that "the absence of a native from the magisterial bench will disappoint many, especially as, for a long time past, we have been used to two native magistrates, both of whom have done as well as any of their European predecessors to maintain the prestige and to fulfil the obligations of their high and responsible office."

THE gold mania is developing itself in Wynaad. The *Madras Times* hears that in a very short time two companies recently started in England will begin operations. Land in Devalah and its surroundings is becoming very valuable and is now being sold by square yard measurements. Mr. Severn's prospections on behalf of the East India Gold Mining Company have been very successful, and this company begin operations at once with a capital of ten lakhs of rupees. A mining engineer has been sent out by the company, and has started for the Wynaad gold fields.

THE report of the Famine Commissioners, the *Pioneer* hears, is likely to turn out an affair of compromises. "Very antagonistic elements are represented on the commission, and the distinguished officer whom Mr. Caird refers to as the 'accomplished Secretary,' has, apparently, been finding some difficulty in getting his team to pull together."

THE *Madras Mail* cannot discover that the military authorities at Madras have yet received any confirmation of the news, telegraphed to the Allahabad paper, of the appointment of General Travers to the Madras command.

NEWS has been received at Rangoon by telegram from Akyab that Messrs. Gillam and Co. have been successful in striking oil in the Boroogas. They had carried their borings down 275 feet when they came upon a large reservoir. The extent of the yield is not mentioned, but it is believed to be considerable. Hitherto the company have been able to get a daily supply of between 170 and 180 gallons of oil, not thick like the ordinary crude mud oil, but much more liquid, and of the appearance of dark brown sherry.

THE PERSONAL ASSISTANT TO THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue of the 5th instant there appeared a paragraph to the effect that Mr. Lullubhai's appointment as the Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Customs is sanctioned. Will any one of your numerous readers inform me why such an appointment should at all be created? If it is true that the authorities of the Customs are doing their best to show the Government a large saving by reducing and abolishing appointments in the already over-worked departments, is it not a mere farce to create such a high-salaried appointment? Would not perhaps these big-wigs of the Customs attended office a little earlier than their well appointed time be better to carry on their duties with greater ease and thus avoid useless expenditure on the already impoverished Government? ECONOMY.

BOMBAY RACES, 1880.

ENTRANCES ON THE 2ND FEBRUARY, 1880.

THE WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB CUP.

Mr. Shaik Abdoola Salem's... c a h ...Rocket.

THE TRIAL STAKES.

Mr. Herbet's ..... b eng c ...Cheviot.

Mr. Sedley's ..... c a p ...Modesty.

THE EMPRESS GOLD CUP.

Mr. C. G. W. Macpherson's.. b a h ...Jason, late Alexander.

Mr. Shaik Abdoola Salem's... c a h ...Rocket.

G. F. BEVILLE, Lieut.-Col.,
Honorary Secretary, Bombay Races.

Bombay, 7th February 1880.

ARRIVAL OF THE TROOPSHIP SERAPIS.

HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN TROOPSHIP SERAPIS, 4,173 tons, Captain Guy O. Twiss, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 7th January, Malta 18th, and Suez 24th. During the voyage there was one birth and one death of a child. The Serapis brought 62 officers, 16 ladies and 12 children; and also 1,080 men 50 women and 85 children. The following is the list of officers and their families:—

30TH REGIMENT.

Lieut-Col and Mrs Strand and child.	Lieut A G Watson.
Major and Bt Lieut-Col and Mrs O J Moorsam and child.	Lieut J M Piercy.
Major and Mrs J P Campbell and 4 children.	Lieut and Mrs J F Manly.
Major and Mrs F H Williamson and child.	Lieut and Mrs B G Lewis.
Capt J Cooke.	Lieut D Carey.
Capt and Mrs J E Goodwyn and child.	2nd Lieut W G Hamilton.
Capt Clowes.	2nd Lieut F B Dorham.
Capt N Bannatyne.	2nd Lieut C A Bray.
Capt and Mrs C R Horaby.	2nd Lieut C R M O'Brien.
Capt H Kemble.	2nd Lieut C Haynes.
Capt and Mrs H Y P Evans.	2nd Lieut H M Browne.
Capt Hayes, 12th Lancers.	2nd Lieut H L Galloway.
Lieut King, 14th Hussars.	2nd Lieut C H Billings.
Lieut S Rowe, R A.	Paymaster P J Morris.
Vet-Surg R Knott, R A.	Adjt A J A Wright.
Lieut and Mrs Cates, 1-3rd Foot.	Qr Mr H Ryan.
Lieut Doyne, 2-6th Foot.	Capt and Mrs Lawrence, 1-18th Foot.
Capt and Mrs W W Otter, 2-7th Foot.	Lieut Clark, 43rd Foot.
Lieut W L Forbes, 2-7th Foot.	Capt Stoyle, 59th Foot.
Capt Glasgow, 1-12th Foot.	2nd Lieut Macintyre, 78th Foot.
Capt Cooper, 2-13th Foot.	Lieut Col Hopton, 88th Foot.
Lieut Bell, 2-13th Foot.	2nd Lieut Carson, 90th Foot.
Capt Rashbrooke, 2-15th Foot.	Capt Pollock, 1-21st Foot.
2nd Lieut Vint, 2-17th Foot.	Surg Maj and Mrs Gorbett and 1 child, A M D
2nd Lieut Vaughan, 2-16th Foot.	Surg Maj and Mrs Braddock and 2 children, A M D.
2nd Lieut Tennant, 2-16th Foot.	Surg Maj Cogan, A M D
Qr Mr Homer, 2-17th Foot.	Surg E A B Roe, A M D.
	Lieut Macintosh, Q W J.
	Vet Snr Mason, Vet Dep.
	Lieut Rendle, Madras Staff.
	Capt Walker, Bombay Staff.
	Capt Elliott, Bombay Staff.
	One Invalid case passenger.

(*Remarks.*)

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal office, Breach Candy Swimming Bath, 5-30 p.m.

Installation "Rising Star of Western India" 6 p.m.

Gaiety Theatre, "My Uncle's Will," 9 p.m.; "Not Such a Fool as he Looks," 10 p.m.

Victoria Gardens, Band of the Volunteer Rifles, 5-30 p.m.

ARRIVAL OF HORSES.—Ninety-five horses just landed from Australia were despatched from Madras on Thursday to the Bombay Remount Depot.

THE VEHAR LAKE.—The height of water in the Vehar Lake for the week ending Saturday, 31st January, was 52 feet and 8 tenths. In the corresponding week last year it was 53 feet and 8 tenths.

A VAGRANT.—Peter McGuire, a European, was on Saturday last declared a vagrant by Mr. C. P. Cooper and was ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

THE REMAINS OF A MAHOMEDAN.—The remains of a Mahomedan, named Meer Mobideen Ally, who died at Hyderabad were brought to Bombay on Friday last *en route* to Kerbella, and in the meanwhile his body was deposited at the Mahomedan grave yard at Sonspore.

NOTICE.—Gentlemen of the common jury summoned for the present Sessions are not required to attend this morning, as the Sessions will be adjourned from to-day till next Monday, the 16th February, at 10 a.m. Common jurors are required to attend on the 16th at 10 a.m.

DROWNED.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday at Hatoom Oart, Girgaum, on view of the body of an aged Hindu, named Pandoorung Balajee, who early that morning had fallen into a well whilst drawing water and was drowned. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

INQUEST.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Saturday last at the Marque, Carnatsepoora, on view of the body of an aged Mahomedan mendicant, name unknown, who was found lying dead near the Bellasis Road. The verdict, was that the death of the deceased was caused by general debility and exhaustion.

ASSAULTS.—Puridam Motseram was on Saturday last fined Rs. 50, or in default two months' rigorous imprisonment, by Mr. W. Webb for assaulting Rama Banoo.—Naroo Bapoo was also on the same day fined Rs. 20 for assaulting Ellapa Muckajee. He was further bound over in the sum of Rs. 200 to keep the peace.

ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Bhickoo Balloo was on Saturday last fined Rs. 20, or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment, for having in his possession a quantity of dhall and rice, valued Rs. 2-4, and failing to account how he came by the same.

THE FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients admitted during the last month was 4,477, the average daily attendance being 144. There were 824 new admissions. Of the total number 1,251 were children. The prevailing diseases were fever, diarrhœa, chest and skin diseases, worms, dysentery, and measles.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—Whilst Dr. Doolittle was driving along Grant Road on Friday morning last his ponies suddenly took fright and bolted, and continued unmanageable until they came into collision with a street lamp post, which brought them to a sudden stand. Dr. Doolittle was thrown out of the vehicle, but escaped with only very slight injuries. The phaeton was considerably damaged.

DUFED.—Mahadoo Pandoo reported to the police on Saturday last that while passing along the Parel Road on the day previous, he was met by two men, a Hindu and a Mahomedan, who represented to him that they had found a gold ring, and offered it for sale. Complainant offered to give them a gold ear-ring in exchange. The offer was at once accepted by the sharpers. Shortly after, on complainant returning to his house, he found that he was duped as the ring was only a brass one of no value whatever.

EXAMINATION COMMITTEE.—The undermentioned officers have permission to appear before the Civil and Military Examination Committee in the new Secretariat first storey to-morrow, for examination in native languages, viz. Hindustani, Higher Standard.—Captain G. H. Johnson and Lieut. F. S. Ingliefield, 2-15th Foot, 2nd Lieut. A. Phayre and 2nd Lieut. W. J. K. Dobbins, 2-11th Foot, 2nd Lieut. A. C. Christopher, 78th Foot, Lieut. E. W. Fleming, 18-R. I. R., and Lieut. C. Whitty, attached 1st Grenadier N. I. Gordon, High Proficiency.—Captain H. A. Vincent, C. I. Horse.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Victoria Gardens this evening,—

March	Mandermott's War Song ..... G. Hunt.
Overture	Tanered! ..... Rossini.
Selection	Les Cloches de Corneville .... Planquettes.
Waltz	Home, sweet Home ..... Conrad.
Quadrille	Un Ballo in Maschera ..... Strauss.
Galop	Wings of Love ..... Meyder.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 7th inst:—Horses:—2 lame, 1 broken knee. Bullocks:—3 lame, 5 sore neck, 4 emaciated, and 1 diseased hoof. Total number of cases 16; amount of fines Rs. 53. The *Indian Spectator* thus calls attention to a cruel practice which is only too common in Bombay. "Perhaps no sight in the streets is more distressing than pony carriages with substantial citizens inside and the poor little beast dragging them. We do not of course allude to those charming little chairlike baskets with the one fair occupant taking lessons in jehuing. Our quarrel is with Parsi and Parbhus, portly well sized gentlemen, packed together in a lumbering four wheeler with the coachman balooing and laying about till the so called 'young horse' is ready to swoon. If this is not cruelty to animals, the members of the Society for its prevention can be fairly charged with receiving 'illegal gratification' at such sights."

THE GOVERNOR AT KURRACHEE.

THE B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Madura, with His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Staff and Sir Robert Sandeman on board, was signalled early on Sunday morning at about half past 5, o'clock, when Captain Parker, the Master Attendant at Kurrachee, at once proceeded in the steam launch to meet His Excellency, and brought the vessel inside the harbour. On reaching the moorings, the Collector of Kurrachee (Colonel Wallace) and E. C. K. Ollivant, Esq., C. S., Assistant Commissioner in Scinde, arrived, and soon after, at half past 7 o'clock, His Excellency Sir Richard Temple, Sir Robert Sandeman, Major Rivett-Carnac, Captain Dean Pitt, Dr. Waters, Colonel Wallace, Mr. Ollivant, and Captain G. C. Parker, I. N., left the Madura in the Master Attendant's steam launch for Kesmares, where His Excellency was received by the following gentlemen:—H. M. B. Erskine, Esq., C. S., Commissioner in Scinde; Brigadier General Brown, Commanding the Scinde District; Major Cunningham, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, S. D; Captain Haerts, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, S. D; Colonel Galbraith, Commanding H. M's 66th (Berkshire) Regiment; Colonel Bannerman, Commanding 4th Rifles; H. J. Parsons, Esq. C. S., Judge and Session Judge, Kurrachee; Major Swinhoe, Assistant Commissary General, Colonel Rose, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, W. Patton, Esq., Deputy Collector of Kurrachee, W. H. Price, Esq., C. E., Port Engineer, Dr. Adey, Civil Surgeon, B. Tichon, Esq., Deputy Director Indo-European Telegraph, W. T. Cole, Esq., Collector of Customs, W. T. Kendall, Esq., Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Francis Gibbons, Esq., City Magistrate, F. C. Jones, Esq., Assistant Superintendent of Police, Dr. Preston, H. M.'s 56th Regiment, and several others. The Commissioner introduced the gentlemen assembled on the occasion to His Excellency, and shortly afterwards the Governor, accompanied by Mr. Erskine, Sir Robert Sandeman, and Major Rivett-Carnac, drove to Government House in the Commissioner's carriage, the route from the Harbour was gaily dressed with flags in honour of His Excellency's arrival. In the evening the Governor and Staff and Sir Robert Sandeman attended divine service, and listened to an excellent sermon preached by the Rev. T. P. Dale on

Indies, he travels through the country as a common labourer, working at the anvil, at road-making, wood-cutting, and all other work calculated to develop the muscles; his favourite occupation being to tow barges up the river. His strength soon becomes so great that he is able to stop a runaway horse and carriage by merely seizing hold of the saletres of the latter. His amusements are of an eccentric nature. One morning he is found lying on a bed composed of inch-long nails pointed upwards, and covered with blood. In reply to inquiries he only vouchsafes to state that it is necessary that he should know whether he could support pain. A little later he leaves Russia, telling his friends that he had done all he can to propagate the new doctrines there, and that now it is necessary that he should make himself acquainted withthe various customs and social organisations of other countries. After this we hear no more of him.

M. Tschernyschewsky concludes by regretting that there are but very few people as high-minded as Rakhmetoff, and says that he has known but eight persons who could be compared to him, and that two of these were women.

To be continued.)

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of the Property of the Victoria Slip Company, Limited, (In Liquidation.)

We are instructed by the liquidators of the above Company to sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 9th of February 1880, at 3 p. m., at the premises of the Company, at Mazagon, the entire property of the Company, consisting of the Patent Slip Foundry, workshop stores, &c.

Abstract of title of the property can be inspected at the office of Mr. Jamsetjee Durseejee Cama, Solicitor to the Company, and conditions of sale can be seen at the office of the Liquidators, No. 70, Bazar Gate Street, Fort. Catalogues of the property can be had on application to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SITUATE AT COMBRKHADY PARHADY.

On THURSDAY, the 19th day of February, 1880, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MERRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the above place by order of the Official Assignee in Re Ragoonath Ramjee Haldhar, an Insolvent.

All the right, title, and interest of the abovenamed Insolvent, in all that piece of faumdaree land or ground, situate at Gennerkhady Parhady Road, in the Registration subdistrict of Mandvie, admeasuring about 22½ feet in breadth and 7 feet in length, together with the dwelling house thereon, standing, consisting of two compartments, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Nos 56 and 57, and bounded on the east by the property of Bhicoo Bhikajee, on the west by the public road, on the north by the property of Nowrojee Cowasjee, and on the south by the public road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned, or to Mr. Jamsetjee Curseejee Cama, Solicitor for the Official Assignee.

SALE OF SURPLUS BUILDING MATERIALS, IRON, &c., &c.

Under instructions from the Architectural Executive Engineer, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 1-30 p.m. in the compound of the Radhabai Tower, University road, Fort, near the New High Court, the following :—

6" by 3" teak scantlings, stone pillars, Minton's tiles for flooring, corrugated iron sheetings, rafters, planks, spars, iron bolts and nuts, weighing machine, 1, 2, and 3 sheave blocks, hemp bound capstain, iron, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 9th February 1880.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 4, Apollo Street, in the Tudor and Co.'s Ice House, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated wares, glass and crockery ware, a mahogany grand square piano by "John Broadwood and Sons," an English-built 4 seated open carriage, an English-built dog cart, &c., &c., the property of H. N. Smith, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the day of sale.

On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Ridge, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished and richly carved household furniture, rich glass and crockerywares, a mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, an English-built four-seated open carriage, by William Kiernon, one English-built brougham by Frederick Madeley, a pair of fast trotting bay and grey Arab horses, a collection of choice and rare plants, &c., the property of Colonel J. Thacker.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 5th February 1880.

HOUSES TO LET.

THE following is a list of HOUSES still available at Matheran for the approaching March season :—

	Rent Rs.
Elphinstone Lodge	1200
Kinlock's House	1000
Stonehenge	1800
Robertson's Bungalow	1000
Scott's Bungalow	800
Sir Mungruldas's New Bungalow	800
Rose Hill, Col. Fuller's Bungalow	600
Cairnmore, The Hon. Justice Green's Bungalow	600
Lynch's Bungalow	600
Craigie Burn	600
Fernwood	600
Coxson's Lodge	500
Florence Lodge	500
Rosario Cottage	400
Maria Cottage	400
The Hermitage	400
Ewart Lodge	400
Hill House	400
Mary Lodge	300
Red House	250
Wadia Lodge	400

And few other Bungalows, particulars of which, such as a complete list, plans of Houses and time of Furniture, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
House Agent.

28, Meadow Street.

CUMBALA HILL.

THE well known ALTAMONT could be had with immediate possession. It could also be divided in parts to suit the convenience of intending tenants. Separate Cook-rooms and out-houses are available. Tulsi water laid on the premises. Its situation is considered as one of the most healthiest ones in Bombay, and it has hitherto been occupied by First Class Gentlemen.

Another UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW at Cumbala for Rs. 150. For particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
House Agent.

28, Meadow Street.

NOTICES.

CABUL FIELD SERVICE TENTS.

WEIGHING 80 lbs. Price Rs. 75. Can be had at short notice on application, accompanied by remittance in full, to

THE AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

KEATING'S BON BONS OR WORM TABLETS,

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. SOLD IN BOTTLES BY ALL CHEMISTS.

IRISH RELIEF FUND.

GENTLEMEN who have ALREADY SUBSCRIBED to this Fund, and GENTLEMEN DESIROUS of SUBSCRIBING to it, will be good enough to SEND the AMOUNT of their SUBSCRIPTIONS to the BANK OF BOMBAY

T. S. WEIR.
DOSABHOY FRAMJEE.
MORARJEE GOCULDAS.
MAHOMED ALI ROGAY.
Honorary Secretaries.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

THE AGENT will receive at his Office, Elphinstone Circle, up to NOON on WEDNESDAY, the 11th February instant, TENDERS for the SUPPLY of 1,000 Tons of MOULMEIN or RANGOON TEAK LOG TIMBER.

Tenders should state the time within which delivery will be made, and should be accompanied by the specification of shipments, and quote the price per ton of 50 cubic feet, delivered on the Company's premises, either at Byculla or Parel.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 3rd February 1880.

NOTICE.

UNDER instructions the SALE of the P. and O. S. S. HINDOSTAN, advertised to take place on Monday, the 26th January, is POSTPONED to MONDAY, 9th FEBRUARY.

OAKES & Co., Auctioneers.

Exchange Hall, Madras.

AUCTION SALE OF THE P. AND O. S. S. HINDOSTAN.

OAKES AND CO.,

Under instructions from the Agent of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company, will SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION at their Rooms, at 12 noon, on MONDAY, 9th February,

THE S. S. HINDOSTAN as she now lies stranded near Sadras, about 36 miles south of Madras, with all her Machinery, Boilers, Masts and Rigging, but without the cargo which may be in her, which will be sold separately.

The S. S. Hindostan was built in 1869, is 353 feet long, with 43 feet beam, is of 3,185 Tons and 600 H. P.

HULL is of Iron, the top sides are of Steel from the water line.

MASTS.—Three lower Masts, (all of iron,) and the wire rigging.

COALS, about 300 Tons.

ANCHORS.—Bowers (laid out) with about 280 fathoms chain cable.

CAPSTANS.—Two.

PATENT WINDLASS.—One.

ENGINES.—Compound, new in May 1877. Cylinders 102 and 59 in. and are of a valuable description.

BOILERS.—Eight. New in May 1877, with mountings, copper feed pipes, etc., also a large Donkey Boiler.

ENGINEERS' TOOLS AND STORES.—A valuable assortment, and a large quantity of spare gear.

SALOON GALLEY.—Large valuable cooking range and fittings.

BATHS.—Valuable white marble, eleven in number, and the same number of Patent W. C.'s.

CABINS.—Saloon and deck.

After the above will be sold,
On account of the concerned,

THE CARGO which may be on board of the vessel consisting of Sale and Case Goods, and a large quantity of Iron, all submerged.

The Purchaser of the Cargo will have to arrange with the Purchaser of the Vessel as to the removal of the Cargo.

AT 2 P.M.

Of the same day will be sold 2 life boats and 2 cutters. They will be beached or moored in the Cooum River, opposite the Sandstand, South Beach.

Terms of Sale—CASH.

OAKES & Co.,
Auctioneer.

Madras.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U.S.A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM

Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

For any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY,

ESUFALLY HIPTULLA,
No. 9, Fir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£80,000

LONDON BANKERS,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

London Office, 52, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. VOUILLON, Acting Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID UP CAPITAL.....Dollars 5,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....Dollars 1,400,000

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed : Fixed Deposits received on the following terms, viz, :—

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal.
6 do. do. Interest at 5 per cent per annum.
For shorter periods special arrangements can be made on terms to be ascertained on application.

All letters to be addressed and remittances made payable to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,50,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and Interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected ; and every other prescription of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

Bombay, 10th April 1875.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended :—

PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts ....Rs. 4 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
Pints ..... „ 3 0 „ 7 doz.
Hogsheads.... „ 60 0 per hhd.

Apply to

WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CHAMPAGNE.	Per Doz. Quarts.	Per 2 Doz. Pints.
Eugene Clicquot's Carte Blanche	Rs. 40 0	Rs. 42 0
Heidsicks and Co.'s Dry Monopole	„ 55 0	„ 58 0
STILL HOCKS.		
Raubenheimer	„ 15 0	Rs. 21 0
Geisenheimer	„ 23 0	...
Liebfraumilch	„ 23 0	...
Steinwein	„ 23 0	...
Hochheimer	„ 28 0	...
Rudesheimer	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Marcobrunner	„ 32 0	„ 36 0
Queen Victoria Berg	„ 38 0	...
*BRANDY.		
Fromy and Rogée's ***	„ Rs. 39 0	...
Muller Freres Brandy	„ 20	0 per doz. qts.
CLARETS.		
FROM H. AND C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.		
Chateau de Frands	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 16 0
Les Canons	„ 18 0	„ 20 0
Chateau Lafitte	„ 25 0	...
BEER.		
IND COOPE & Co.'s PALE ALE	Rs. 5 0	per doz. pts. Rs. 0
Norway Pale Ale	„ 5 0	...
Kreunsacher Export Beer	„ 6 8	...
CLARET.		
St. Julien	Rs. 8 8	per doz. Qts.
Chateau Sertilan	„ 9 8	„
Do. Maucamps	„ 10 8	„

JUST RECEIVED a small consignment of Dr. A. F. DENNLER'S celebrated SWISS BITTERS from Alpine plants recommended by Medical Faculty against indigestion and sufferings from Inter mittent Fever.

Rs. 50 per case of 1 dozen Quarts.
„ 33 „ „ 2 „ Pints.

Cash payments carry a discount of 5 per cent.
SPECIAL TERMS TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, CO-OPERATIVE STORES, &c.
Outstation Orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row, Fort.

Bombay, 2nd October 1879

NOTICES.

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT MANUFACTURING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

NOTICE is hereby given, that a FOURTH CALL on the Second Issue Shares is made PAYABLE on FRIDAY, the 5th day of March, 1880, as follows :—

Rs. 200 per share of Rs. 1,000 each.
„ 100 „ „ 500 „

INTEREST will be allowed at the rate of NINE PER CENT. per annum upon all monies paid before the due dates.

Notice is also given, that INTEREST will be charged at the rate of NINE PER CENT. per annum upon all Calls remaining unpaid from their due dates.

For the Manockjee Petit Manufacturing Company, Limited.
C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents.

Bombay, 5th February 1880.

RANSOM'S LEMON JUICE SALINE.

THIS great BLOOD PURIFIER is most useful in reducing FEBRILE HEAT and allaying Thirst. It entirely dispels the effect of ALCOHOLIC POISONS and allays all IRRITATION of the STOMACH.

It is superior to any of the Salines at present advertised, and being prepared with FRESH LEMON JUICE, is the most palatable yet offered to the public.

SOLE AGENTS.—ROGERS & Co., Bombay.
SUB-AGENT.—NUTHOO MOOLJEE,
Shaik Memon Street, opposite Jooma Musjid.

BYCULLA FOUNDRY AND ENGINEERING WORKS.
ESTABLISHED 1858.

THE FOUNDRY, FITTING, SMITHS' and BOILER-MAKERS' DEPARTMENTS are each under skilled European supervision and fitted with the best Machinery for high class work and quick despatch.

Estimates for every description of Iron and Brass work will be forwarded on application.

Machinery of all kinds imported through our Home Agent.

RICHARDSON & Co.

Works and Offices, Nesbit Lane, Bombay.

BOMBAY SAW MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE COMPANY supplies all kinds of SAWN SCANTLINGS and CARPENTRY work in TEAK, PINE, and JUNGLE WOOD, and executes orders for Scantlings for BUILDINGS, BRIDGES, RAILWAY and other WAGONS.

DOORS and WINDOWS of any design made to order, either by hand or machinery.

The sawing being all done by MACHINERY, is accurate to dimensions, and a great saving is thus effected in Carpentry.

The Company has at all times on hand a large stock of first-class TEAK, PINE and JUNGLE WOOD LOGS, SCANTLINGS, and BOARDS, SABOOLWOOD for Carts and well-seasoned BLACKWOOD in log for furniture.

RAILWAY KEYS and BRAKE BLOCKS made to any pattern by machinery.

Estimates given for all kinds of wood work. Apply to the Manager at the Works, Parel Bunder, or to

W. M. MACAULAY & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 6th November 1879.

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CHEAP INDIAN RATES.

THIS old established Company by cheap and careful management is enabled safely to charge lower rates of premium than other Indian Insurance Companies. Send for Comparative Statement showing rate of premium charged by other Indian Offices.

After paying all expenses, claims on policies, dividends, and every other charge, a net profit of £18,688-8-8 was realized for the year 1878. This has been invested and added to the reserve fund.

Every kind of Insurance business transacted.

Full particulars given on application to the AGENTS OF THE COMPANY.

MACFARLANE & GILBERT,
Solicitors, Bombay.

BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN CHIEF.
H. M.'S RESIDENT AT HYDERABAD,
&c., &c.

J. PEARSE.
BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER AND CONFECTIONER,
22, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

WEDDING, CHRISTENING AND BIRTH-DAY CAKES.

WEDDING BREAKFASTS, BALL SUPPERS, &c. &c.

ENGLISH GOODS.

Via SUEZ CANAL AT LOWEST EXPORT PRICES.
SILK, WOOLLEN AND MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN,
INDIA, COLONIAL AND FOREIGN OUTFITTERS,
ESTABLISHED 1843.

D. NICHOLSON & CO.

Invite attention to their Illustrated 220-page Catalogue, sent (with patterns) post free.

Ladies' Clothing, Linens, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Haberdashery, Jewellery, &c. Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and Accoutrements. Furniture, Musical Instruments, Ironmongery, Fire Arms, Cutlery, Carriages, Saddlery and Harness, Boots and Shoes, Wines and Spirits, Ales and Beers, Preserved Provisions, Stationery, Perfumery, Books, Toys, &c., &c. Foreign Produce disposed of for a Commission of 2½ per cent.

Terms—Not less than 25 per Cent. to accompany *orders*, and balances will be drawn for at 60 days' sight.

Parcels not exceeding fifty pounds in weight and 2 feet by 1 foot by 1 foot in size, and £20 in value, are conveyed from London to any Post Town in India and Ceylon at a uniform charge of 1s. per lb.

Special advantages to Merchants, Store Keepers, and Regimental Messes.

D. NICHOLSON & CO.,
50 TO 53, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD, AND
66, PATERNOSTER ROW, LONDON.

Price Lists can be had of Messrs. JAMES MADDEN & Co., Bombay, and at the Office of the *Englishman* Newspaper, Calcutta.

BOMBAY MUSICAL DEPOT.

HARMONIUMS BY ALEXANDRE AND OTHER MAKERS.

Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers	Rs. 128
Solid Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers	150
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers, and Expression Stop	160
Solid Mahogany do. do. do.	160
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 2 blowers, with Expression Stop and Wind Indicator	180
Solid Oak, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, with 3 Stops	200
Solid Oak (Polished), 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 7 Stops, with Broad Reeds	250
Solid Oak, 8 Stops, with Wind Indicator, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C	300
Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, with 7 Stops and Wind Indicator	300
Walnut, 5 Octaves, Compass C to C, 8 Stops	350
Solid Oak, Church Harmonium, Handsomely Carved, very Massive, five rows of Reeds, 18 Stops	800

NEW ALEXANDRE ORGAN.

Solid Walnut Resonant Case, Type C, Compass, 5 Octaves, F to F. Size 2 feet 6 inches wide, 1 foot 5 inches deep : 2 feet 2 inches high, 3 stops ..... Net Cash Rs. 325

Solid Walnutwood Resonant Case, Compass, 5 Octaves, F to F, 9 Stops—Flute, Liebstich Gedact, Dulciana, Vox Humana, Gamba, Diapason, Principal, Sub Bass, Automatic Swell. The tone is soft and full. The wind easily sustained ..... Net Cash Rs. 500

AMERICAN ORGANS.

MASON and HAMLIN'S American Organ ; Five Octaves, Double Read ; Five Stops, Automatic Swell, Knee Swell, Self-adjusting Reed Valves ; Improved Bellows ; Ivory fronts to Keys ; Clothed Mortises, &c., Patent Resonant Case, Panelled front and sides best finish, Walnut Case ..... Rs. 550

UPRIGHT RESONANT CASE. Length 4 feet 3 inches : Height, 3 feet 7 inches ; Depth 2 feet.—Two and one-fifth rows of Vibrators, with Octave Coupler, Sub-Bass, and Full Organ Knee Stop Nine Stops—Diapason, Viola, Melodia, Flute, Sub-Bass, Vox Humana, Octave Coupler, Forte I, Forte II. The Octave Coupler couples below, and gives the effect of four complete sets of Vibrators ..... Price Rs. 750

AMERICAN ORGAN, Two sets of Reeds. Three Stops—Viola, Flute, Grand Organ (Knee). Forte, and Knee Swell...Price Rs. 300

Do. do. Two and one-fifth sets of Reeds, Eight Stops—Melodia, Viola, Diapason, Flute, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Grand Organ (Knee), Forte I, Forte II ..... Price Rs. 650

S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND COMPANY

RAILWAY TRAVELLING SUITS.

	Rs. a.
Single-Breasted Lounge Coat, cut loose, with a band round the waist, and buttoning up to the throat, with ordinary Trowsers to match	20 0
Blue Serge, Wool-Dyed, Double or Single Breasted Sac Coat and Trowsers	27 0

RIDING AND SHIKARING SUITS.

	Rs. a.
Best Bedford Cord, all shades of colour, Riding Trowsers	22 0
Whipcord, in several shades of colour, suitable for hard Wear Riding Trowsers or Breeches	22 0
Drab Cotton Cord Riding Trowsers or Breeches	11 0
Mofussil or Shikaring Flax Suits, strong Brown and Heather Mixture, warranted to turn Spear Grass Suit	12 0

DRESS SUITS.

Superfine West of England Broad Cloth, very light in texture, lined silk throughout, suit complete	70 to 80 0

MORNING & VISITING COATS.

	Rs. a
Ribbed and Diagonal Coatings, Blue or Black, in a variety of textures, all Wool, best West of England	30 to 35
Vest Do: Do.	8 0

TROWSERS.

Fancy Angolas, Shepherd's Plaids	15 to 16
Fancy Angolas, Checks Plain Shades, and Fancy Stripes, thoroughly shrunk per pair	12 to 16
Real White American Drill	4 0

CRICKETING & BOATING SUITS.

Best Saxony Twilled Flannel, thoroughly shrunk, Double-Breasted, Coat and Trowsers	27 0
White Saxony Flannel Shirts	8 0
Best American Drill Suits	10 0
Cholera Belts, they are superior to the old Kummerband and less bulky, they are made of double substances of Flannel and are cut on, the riding belt system ..... each	2 8

THORPE AND COMPANY,
CIVIL, NAVAL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS,
MEADOW AND HUMMUM STREETS, FORT, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

NEW GOODS, LATEST STYLES, in all the NEW SHAPES, just opened out.

Ten Per Cent. Discount for Cash.

LADIES' Stiff and Soft Felt Hats, in Black, Navy Blue Drab, Dark, Green and Brown, a choice assortment, from Rs. 7 to Rs. 10-8 each.
LADIES' New Plush Gainsborough Hats, now so much worn in Blue Drab, Brown and Black, Rs. 8-8 to Rs. 10-8 each.
LADIES' White Helmets and Drab Felt Sun Hats, from Rs. 10-8 to Rs. 15 each.
LADIES' Pith Sun Hats and Helmets in all the new shapes, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 8-8 each.
LADIES' Black Silk Riding Hats with Black Lace Falls, from Rs. 14 to Rs. 16 each.
LITTLE BOYS' Sailor Hats of Several Shapes, from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 6-8.

GENTS' Regulation Helmets, Cork on Felt, covered White Doe	20	0
GENTS' White Helmets, Cork on Felt, covered Drill	15	8
GENTS' Drab Felt Helmets	13	8
GENTS' Double Bodied Drab Felt Helmets, with Bulge to form a Puggrie	20	0
GENTS' Double Bodied Drab Felt Sun Hats	18	8
GENTS' White Hunting Hats, Cork on Felt	15	8
GENTS' Drab Felt McLeod Helmets	12	0
GENTS' Black Fawn and Drab, Low Round Crown, Hard Felt ..... each	9	8
GENTS' Black and Drab Medium, Low Round and Square Crown, Hard Felt	9	8
GENTS' Black and Drab Soft Felt	9	0
GENTS' Black Medium, High Round Crown, Felt on Cork, very light	10	8
GENTS' Black Felt, High Round Crown, to suit gentlemen who do not require a low hat	9	8
GENTS' Black Silk Dress Hats, Lincoln and Bennett's, best quality	16	8
GENTS' Drab Dress Hats, Lincoln and Bennett's, best quality	12	8
GENTS' Seal Skin Caps, with Ear Flaps	7	0
GENTS' Tweed Hats, new shapes	5	0
GENTS' Travelling Hats of every shape, Glengary, &c.		

Ten per Cent. Discount for Cash.

BADHAM, PILE & CO.,
BOMBAY.

BEST QUALITY TRIPLE ELECTRO-PLATE.
MANUFACTURED TO THE SPECIAL ORDER OF
C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY, 4, Hummum Street. POONA, 1, East Street.

WE long hesitated before undertaking this important branch of business, as we are aware of the immense amount of inferior articles manufactured and sold as the best quality (Electro-plate having so many qualities) by unscrupulous traders and eventually giving no satisfaction to purchasers.

After mature deliberation we have had a large quantity made expressly for us by a leading firm, and as our goods are triple-plated (i. e., have undergone the silvering process THREE TIMES), thereby ensuring a heavy coating of PURE SILVER on superior hard white metal), we can guarantee them to stand ordinary usage for twenty years.

We specially invite the attention of Presidents of Clubs, Hotels, &c., &c., to our stock of goods. Amongst others we recommend the following :—

Tea and Coffee sets of 4 pieces	From Rs.	90	to 181.
Tête-a-tête sets of 4 pieces	at „	60	and 80.
Ice Pitchers	from „	36	to 88.
Eggstand with 4 cups and 4 spoons	at „	45.	
Eggstand with 6 cups and 6 spoons	at „	61-8.	
Eggstand with 12 cups and 12 spoons	at „	120.	
Prize Goblets for Shooting and Racing purposes	from „	45	to 117.
Goblets for use, richly chased	„ „	16	to 22-8.
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Christening Cups	„ „	7	to 39.
Butter Dishes	„ „	20	to 49.
Pickle Jars	„ „	12	to 41.
Sardine Boxes	„ „	16-8	to 29.
Biscuit Bowls	„ „	53	to 81.
Ice Pails	at „	25	and 40.
Childs' Sets	„ „	16.	
School Sets	„ „	28	and 53.
Fish Knives	„ „	25.	
Butter Knives	„ „	6	and 10.
Cake Knives	„ „	13	and 24.
Waiters' Oval	from „	25	to 80.
Do Square	„ „	50	to 68.
Mustard Spoons	at „	1-8	each.
Salt Cellars	from „	3	to 9.
Spoon Racks	at „	34	and 61-8.
Napkin Rings	„ „	3	and 8.
Nut Crackers	„ „	4	each.
Re-ts	„ „	2-8	and 4.
Jewel Boxes	„ „	33.	
Epergnes	„ „	300.	
Fruit Stands	„ „	13.	
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Spoons—Table	„	„	22.
„ Dessert	„	„	16.
„ Tea	„	„	10.

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